

Notes on SADCC (11/13/86)

Mmusi: Chairman of SADCC, and vice president of Botswana "there is the feeling that the U.S. feels that the front-line states should stew in their own juices because of their support for the sanctions against South Africa. It is the U.S. who has enacted the sanctions. There is a need to strengthen SADCC for the front-line states to be independent of South Africa.

We have no intention of going to war with S.A. but S.A. is at war with its own people. S.A. is a threat to itself.

It is important that the U.S. work to help us achieve the self-sufficiency we seek. We are asking

1. Confirmation of the level of resources available over the next 2 years (500 mil)
2. That such resources be filter through SADCC to the region
3. U.S. meet with the leaders of the region to discuss the needs and the concerns of the front-line states.

"We are the grass that suffers when the two giant elephants fight" (U.S-S.U.)

Over a six-year period, the front-line states (9 countries) have received \$30 million compares to \$50 million to Savimbi in Angola. U.S. should not be supporting bandits-support of Unita and other insurgent groups go against the development of the region.

From 1980-1985, loss of \$10 billion as a result of South African actions against the front-line states-destablization of the region

SADCC should be involved in the AID planning and programs for the region. We know what are needs are-we need to know what resources are available, but the determination on how they should be used should be decided by all concerned.