



MOVING FORWARD WITH THE PLAN

Over the Past 100 Years,

black political and intellectual giants have dedicated their lives to changing America's political and economic structures, making them more responsive to the needs of black and poor Americans. Appropriately, the challenge which now faces us, on the eve of this nation's 200th Birthday, is involving broad segments of the black population in making effective use of those structures.



The seventeen-member Congressional Black Caucus has established for itself, the role of a national legislative body, acting as a nucleus for the involvement of black and poor citizens in the legislative process. In keeping with that role, the Caucus will feature at its Fifth Annual Dinner Weekend, the outline of a plan for creating a national legislative agenda—one which has the ongoing input and involvement of the black community. In developing this broader Agenda, the Caucus will establish a process for using the expertise, resources and ideas of those Americans traditionally shortchanged and forgotten in the setting of national policies.

While the Black Caucus' focus is on projecting and protecting the needs of black and poor Americans, we are keenly aware that the problems of blacks are inextricably tied to the needs and problems of all Americans. Thus, we will develop linkages to others who share our concern about the need for new legislative priorities.

As the nation now prepares to assess its history and heritage in the Bicentennial celebration, we see emerging, a potentially new majority—one that will vigorously use economic and political structures to assure power and progress for all citizens. WE CAN SEE CLEARLY WHAT MUST BE DONE.

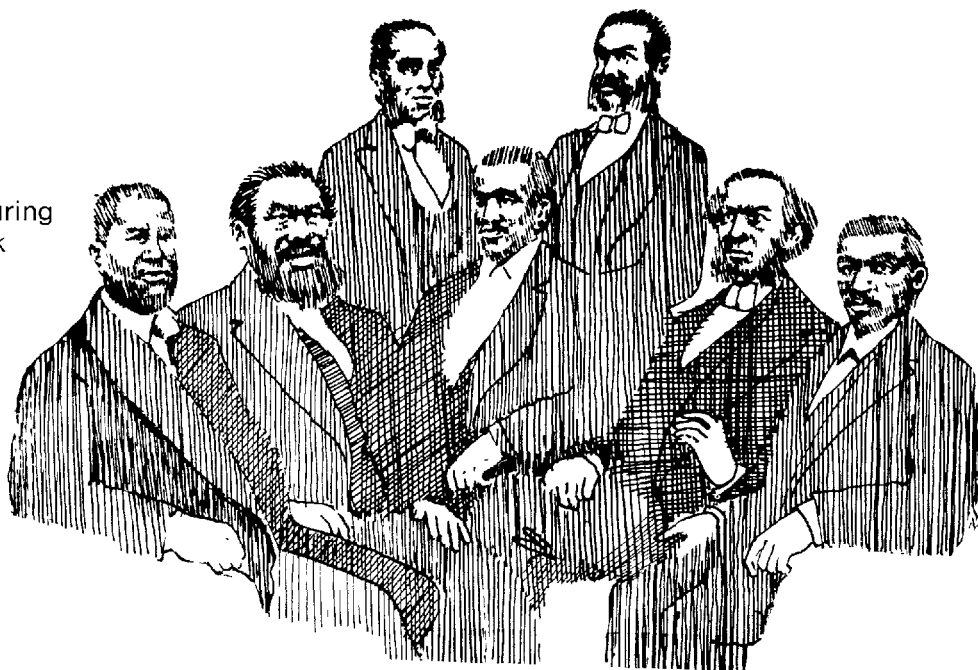
A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Charles B. Rangel". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "C" and "R".

Chairman

THE WORK OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS

BEGINNINGS:

The beginnings were unmistakable during the Reconstruction Era when 20 black Congressmen were elected to office. During this Golden Era of Black Politics some of the outstanding members of Congress who rose to fame, were (left to right): Senator Hiram R. Revels (Miss.); Representatives Benjamin S. Turner (Ala.), Robert C. DeLarge (S. C.), Josiah T. Walls (Fla.); Jefferson F. Long (Ga.), Joseph H. Rainey (S. C.), Robert B. Elliott (S. C.).



The Congressional Black Caucus, in its growth and vision, has moved to fulfill the prediction of Representative George H. White, the last black man to serve in the U.S. Congress until 1928. While many believed that no other blacks would follow Representative White, in his parting address to the U.S. Congress in 1901 he noted:

"This, Mr. Chairman is perhaps the Negroes' temporary farewell to the American Congress; but let me say, Phoenix-like he will rise up some day and come again. These parting words are in behalf of an outraged, heartbroken, bruised and bleeding, but God-fearing people . . . a rising people, full of potential force."

Congressional Record
56th Congress, 2nd Session
January 20, 1901

Today, as the nation prepares to celebrate the 200th anniversary of its founding, black Americans are painfully aware that the last 100 years, in particular, have been marked by an intense struggle to make the precepts of democracy, equality and liberty—stated in the Declaration of Independence—real for all citizens. It was during the height of this struggle in the 1960's that the Congressional Black Caucus had its early beginnings.

The civil rights movement of the 1960's revived the conscience of America and garnered the broad support of elected officials, the student community, educators, religious and labor leaders. It resulted in the Civil Rights Acts of 1960 and 1964, the Voting Rights Act of 1965 and a number of supportive court rulings banning discrimination in education, housing and employment. However, it soon became apparent that constant vigilance and advocacy was required to ensure full implementation of civil rights laws and to guard against efforts to weaken their enforcement. In January 1969, in response to this and other needs, three black Congressmen, the late Adam Clayton Powell, William Dawson, and Charles C. Diggs, Jr. formed the Democratic Select Committee, a forerunner of the Congressional Black Caucus. Meeting informally, they compared legislative notes, examined strategies for addressing the needs of minority constituents, and provided each other moral support.

Following the 1968 elections and an appreciable increase in the number of elected black Representatives, it was proposed by the newly-elected Congressman William Clay that a single black congressional organization be formed to advocate the interests and priorities of black Americans. In 1971, the then nine black members of the House of Representatives formed, without fanfare, the Congressional Black Caucus.

1971—1974:

The Caucus received little public attention until, in 1971, they boycotted President Nixon's State of the Union Address. This unprecedented protest was a response to the President's refusal to meet with the group and discuss domestic and foreign policy issues of concern to black Americans. This action generated significant White House response and, on March 23, 1971, Mr. Nixon met with the 13-person delegation, headed by Representative Charles C. Diggs, Jr., first chairman of the Congressional Black Caucus. The Caucus presented the President a 61-point agenda for action on crucial domestic and foreign policy issues.

The unfavorable White House response to these recommendations convinced the Caucus members further that an ongoing, permanent operation was required. In September 1971, the Caucus launched its Inaugural Annual Dinner in Washington, D.C. to raise funds for the establishment of offices and a full-time staff. The Dinner, a successful fundraiser, provided support for a new wave of Caucus initiatives that increased its prominence as a vital legislative force.

During the following three year period, the Caucus sponsored a series of fact-finding hearings, conferences and investigations on issues affecting blacks. These included hearings on racism and the military, governmental lawlessness, national health, education and blacks, black enterprise, blacks in media, housing, and economic priorities. In many instances, the hearings provided data to be used in the development of a comprehensive Caucus legislative program.

1975—LOOKING AHEAD

The Caucus with its strengthened ability to gain support in the House and Senate, and its expanded base of cooperating national organizations and technical resource people, developed and introduced a formal Legislative Agenda for the first session of the 94th Congress. The Agenda, presented to the Congress in February, 1975, outlined Caucus priorities and positions on the major issues affecting poor and black citizens. Full employment, tax reform, extension of the 1965 Voting Rights Act and increased voter participation, reduction of the military budget, and the reordering of national priorities were among the key objectives cited.

The Agenda included forty major legislative proposals by individual Caucus members, each aimed at

Throughout the period 1971 to 1974, the Caucus accelerated its push for enactment of legislation that addressed the needs of the poor and disadvantaged. In addition, it increased its watchfulness over Presidential appointments, scrutinizing nominees both in terms of experience, and positions on issues concerning blacks. In 1972, the Caucus led the fight to defeat Supreme Court nominees, Haynesworth and Carswell. Legislative initiatives included an effort to save OEO, the co-sponsoring of anti-Presidential impoundment bills, and other measures that addressed urgent human needs.

In 1973, shortly after President Nixon's State of the Union Message, the Caucus, in an historic event, delivered a "True State of the Union Message" on the House floor. This provided a scathing critique of the Administration's domestic and foreign policies and proposed a series of alternatives. Caucus members also played a significant role in the 1974 House Judiciary Committee proceedings on the impeachment of President Nixon.

Shortly after assuming office, President Gerald Ford met with the Caucus to review items on the national black Legislative Agenda. The Caucus, now seventeen-members strong, has conducted an ongoing assessment of President Ford's Administration and has been most vigorous in its criticism of shortcomings and inequities in the Administration's domestic and international policies.

problems faced both by the black community and the nation as a whole. These covered such diverse concerns as child care, civil and political rights/liberties, criminal justice, consumer protection, foreign affairs, governmental structure and responsibility, women's rights, housing, and health care.

Other Caucus Initiatives Include:

1. Continued evaluation of nominees for federal appointive posts, examining in particular, qualifications relating to issues affecting the black community.
2. Development and dissemination of a monthly newsletter, "FOR THE PEOPLE"

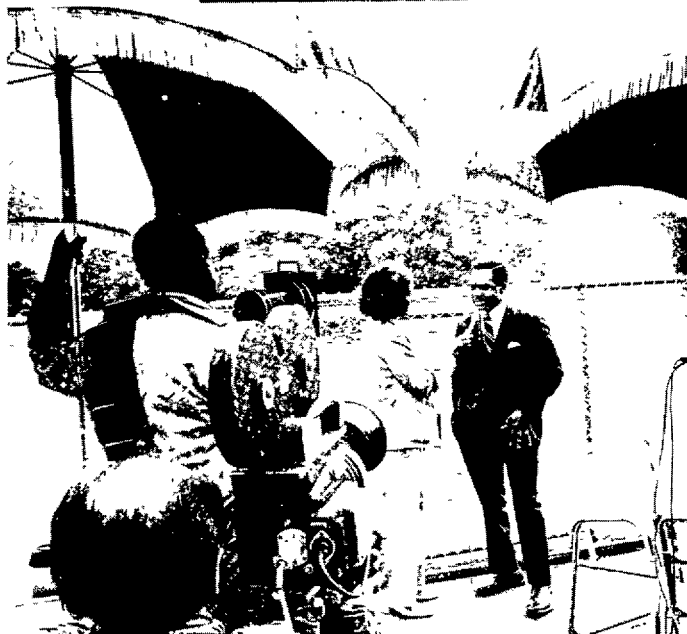
3. Development of a nationwide legislative support and action network, comprised of persons throughout the country who are part of a quick response network around the Caucus' legislative agenda.
4. Development of a technical resource network to provide the Caucus with appropriate legislative and issue analysis necessary in formulating legislation, developing position papers and testimony, and legislative action strategies. A media advisory group has also been formed.
5. Co-sponsorship of an Ad Hoc Hearing on Full Employment May 20, 1975. Members of both the House and Senate joined the Caucus in presenting the scope and impact of the unemployment problem, the basic elements of full employment legislation, and strategies for ensuring passage of a full employment bill.
6. Meetings with African heads of States on U.S.-African Policy.
7. Meetings with Cabinet Officials on budget issues.
8. Facilitating the funding of the black-controlled Mound Bayou Community Hospital, which serves a medically indigent four-county area in the Mississippi Delta Region.
9. Developing Lobby Strategies around:
Community Services Administration—Increased appropriation;
Education Appropriations;
Eliminating Arms Aid to Turkey;
and support of continued Civil Rights enforcement in the Treasury Department Appropriation bill as related to the IRS.
10. Continued public information and support-building activities relating to upcoming bills on: gun control, federal employee rights, trade with Rhodesia, and Voting Representation for the District of Columbia in the Congress.
11. Release of a substantive position statement on the Vietnamese Refugees.
12. Continued participation in hearings on criminal justice issues.
13. Later this year, Caucus members plan to meet with a number of representatives from Caribbean Islands on common Legislative priorities.

Other Caucus activities now in varying stages of planning include: Ad Hoc Hearings on Blacks in the Communications/entertainment industry; summit strategy meetings on improving U.S. policy toward Third World Countries, particularly Africa and the Caribbean Islands; activation of the technical resource network on such issues as tax reform, health care and housing.

The Congressional Black Caucus has focused its current agenda on the unfinished business and unmet goals of black political and social movements from 1876 to date, and recognizes the crucial importance of broadening the base of black participation in the political/legislative process.

In order to effectively leverage power during the critical years ahead, the resources and talents of the total black community must be directed toward USING legislative structures to address priorities.

THE CAUCUS IN ACTION



A NEW THRUST

Congressional Black Caucus Graduate Legislative Fellowship Program

Despite the substantial increase in the number of Black Elected Officials over the last ten years, the representation of black professional staff in key legislative positions has remained woefully inadequate. A survey of minority employment in Congress, conducted by the Congressional Black Caucus staff and verified by the Caucus Members' personal checks of staffing on the Committees on which they serve, revealed a serious absence of blacks in professional staff roles. Commenting on the Caucus finding, Representative Charles B. Rangel noted that, "The staff composition of the U.S. Congress, our highest legislative body, provides a shameful illustration of inadequate and halting affirmative action initiatives, and of this nation's piecemeal commitment to providing viable training experiences or career and job opportunities for minorities."

Recognizing the need to build a strong cadre of black legislative staff, the Caucus has developed plans for a Graduate Legislative Fellowship Program. Selected graduate-level students would participate in a comprehensive, one-year internship with members of the Caucus, other members of Congress and key House Committees on which Caucus Members serve. Under the guidance of Caucus Members and staff, the students would be provided broad, yet substantive, exposure to the dynamics of the congressional legislative process. Academic credit would be allocated by the universities and colleges referring accepted candidates to the program. The Caucus has established candidate selection and evaluation criteria for use by the college community.

A broad cross-section of Washington, D.C. organizations joined together, as "The Host City," in sponsoring a Benefit Fashion/Luncheon Show to raise initial funds for the Fellowship Program. Held September 27th, the Host City Benefit Fashion Show will provide funds for a full-time staff coordinator for the Fellowship Program and supplemental grants for students who are not fully sponsored by their universities or other financial-aid sources.

CAUCUS MEMBERS

The Congressional Black Caucus, composed of 17 members, represents constituents in 11 states and the District of Columbia. The states include California, with three Black Representatives; Illinois, Michigan and New York with two each; and Georgia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee and Texas with one Black Representative.

The thirteen men and four women who make up the Caucus have accepted the dual responsibility of representing their own constituencies while at the same time charting national legislative priorities for Blacks, the urban poor and other disadvantaged Americans. The newest Caucus member, Harold Ford, was elected from a district less than 50 percent black, as were members Jordan, Young and Burke, who were elected in 1972. Many see the election of these newer members from non-Black majority districts as a sign that Blacks are being accepted as leaders by the public-at-large.

In the 94th Congress, the Congressional Black Caucus for the first time presented a formal common legislative agenda which proposed remedies for a broad range of problems shared by their communities and many others across the country in such areas as housing, health services, drug addiction, unemployment and education.

To date, a number of the Caucus legislative initiatives have been accepted by the Congress. Yet the most fundamental changes remain to be made, and the Caucus can only attain its most important goals with the full support and assistance of the many Black and non-Black Americans who believe in its goals.



YVONNE BRAITHWAITE BURKE

California, 37th District

Yvonne Braithwaite Burke was elected to the House of Representatives from the 37th Congressional District in Los Angeles in 1972, thus becoming the first black woman from the state of California to hold that office.

She earned her credentials as a California state legislator where she supported and co-sponsored bills providing for child care for needy children; relocation assistance to tenants and owners of homes taken by government action; prevention of automatic discharge for employees whose wages were garnisheed; a requirement that major medical insurance policies grant immediate coverage to newborn infants; and insured certification and licensing of board and care homes for children.

A practicing attorney since 1956, Ms. Burke also served as a Deputy Corporation Commissioner, a Hearing Officer for the Police Commission and as an attorney on the staff of the McCone Commission which investigated the Watts Riots.

As a member of the Appropriations Committee, Rep. Burke has been active in seeing that domestic social programs receive adequate funding and was instrumental this year in maintaining Community Services Administration funding levels. She has also introduced bills providing for rape prevention and control, which was incorporated into the health revenue sharing bill, and for flexible working hours in government employment. Rep. Burke sought to have the Justice Department investigate the Joanne Little case in terms of injustices against women prisoners.



ct. 6th Bike Ride against Diabetes.





SHIRLEY CHISHOLM

New York, 12th District

A member of Congress since 1968, Shirley Chisholm was the first black woman in the nation elected to this office. She represents New York City's 12th district, which comprises Bedford Stuyvesant, perhaps the nation's largest black ghetto. In a key congressional leadership position, Rep. Chisholm is also Assistant Secretary of the Democratic Caucus.

Mrs. Chisholm has been a dynamic leader through her work on the Education and Labor Committee. She has sponsored and fought for programs for students enrolled at all educational levels, and has concentrated on legislation designed to equalize opportunity for minorities. A long-time advocate of comprehensive day care, Mrs. Chisholm was instrumental in bringing the particular problems of single-parent families and working mothers to the attention of her colleagues. The School Lunch Act was expanded during the 94th Congress by amendments offered by the Congresswoman.

In addition, Mrs. Chisholm played a major role in the action taken by Congress on Title IX regulations and on other legislation relative to equalizing opportunity for women in education, employment and health. She opposed President Ford's efforts to increase the cost of food stamps for the poor and has spoken out frequently on the need not to abandon the poor during our present economic crisis. She also called for a federal judicial review of the facts surrounding the Joanne Little Case and supported efforts to secure a review of the criminal justice system.



WILLIAM CLAY

Missouri, 1st District

A twenty-year political veteran on the local level before his election to Congress in 1968, he sponsored St. Louis' Fair Employment Bill which he used to open new doors for employment of St. Louis Blacks in bakeries, breweries, the construction industry, public utilities, the aircraft industry, and banks. A former real estate broker, manager of a life insurance company and city alderman, he represents the 1st district, St. Louis, Missouri.

Plunging into politics when he was drafted into the Army in 1953, he fought to desegregate Army swimming pools, non-commissioned officers clubs, and barbershops. Following an honorable discharge, he organized hundreds of St. Louis jobseekers for sit-ins and demonstrations for CORE and the NAACP.

Chairman of the Employee Political Rights and Intergovernmental Programs subcommittee of the Post Office and Civil Service Committee, Congressman Clay has moved through the Congress, bills to reform the Hatch Act limitation on federal employees political activities and to extend the Intergovernmental Personnel Act. He also currently sits on the House Education and Labor Committee.

As active in his local district as he is in the halls of Congress, Clay is District Chairman, Friends of Scouts, a member of the Democratic Study Group, CORE and the Junior Chamber of Commerce. And he serves on the board of directors of Narcotics Anonymous.





CARDISS COLLINS

Illinois, 7th District

A veteran politician and key strategist in her late husband's political career, Cardiss Collins filled his shoes when an untimely fatal accident ended his unexpired term.

As a committeewoman in Chicago's 24th Ward Regular Democratic Organization, she developed the political savvy that helped her husband in his bids for nomination and strengthened her own political position.

Ms. Collins is a committee member on Government Operations and the Sub-committee on Commerce, Consumer and Monetary Affairs and Government Activities. She was a former auditor for the Illinois Department of Revenue, the vice president of the Lawndale Youth Commission, and a member of the NAACP.

A freshman member of the Congressional Black Caucus, Ms. Collins introduced the first bill in Congress to regulate condominiums. The bill, H.R. 15071, the National Condominium Act, is designed to protect residents of multi-family structures being converted into condominiums. Further, it seeks to protect prospective purchasers of condominiums through minimum standards to be administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

She is also a member of the International Relations Committee and has taken an active interest in African affairs. Earlier this year she accompanied Congressman Diggs on a fact finding tour of Africa and attended the Mozambique Independence Celebration.



JOHN CONYERS

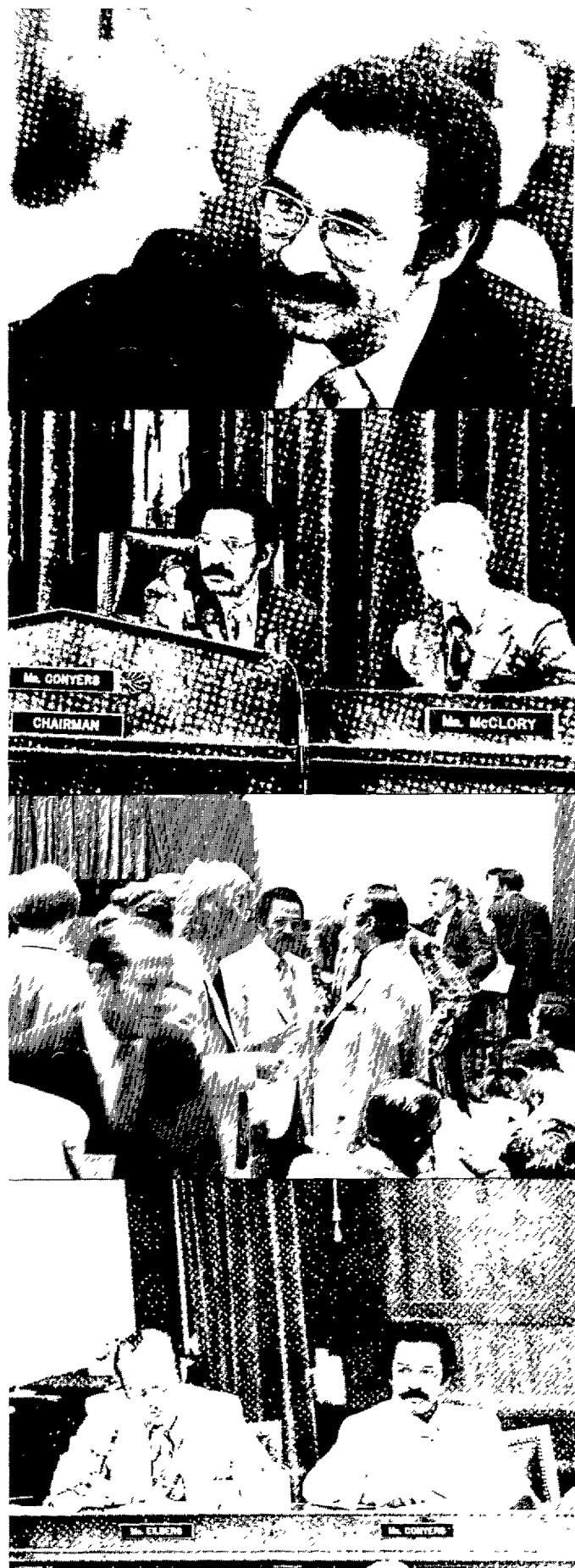
Michigan, 1st District

Congressman Conyers has devoted considerable effort during the first seven months of the 94th Congress to advocating and publicizing Full Employment Legislation. As a sponsor of the Hawkins Bill, H R. 50, Mr. Conyers continually speaks out on the right to decent and gainful employment, and actively opposed the first House Budget Resolution for ignoring this principle and contending high unemployment rates over the next fiscal year.

Mr. Conyers is the primary sponsor of the Grand Jury Reform Act of 1975, which will return the Federal Grand Jury System to its traditional and intended role as a guardian of American liberties. He also again reintroduced the Martin Luther King, Jr. National Holiday Bill and was joined by 94 other members of the Congress in this effort to honor Dr. King's life and work.

In February 1975, the Congressman chaired the Ad-Hoc Hearings of the Black Tribunal which heard the lawyers and defendants in the cases of the Republic of New Africa, Reverend Ben Chavis and the Wilmington Ten, and the Attica Rebellion describe the racism and denials of due process which they had endured. Following his appeal for citizens to become involved in the growing national effort to free Joanne Little, Congressman Conyers sent a member of his staff to attend and monitor Ms. Little's trial, as he did previously in sending a personal aide to monitor the Wilmington Ten trials, reflecting his continuing effort to insure equal justice to black and poor people. Especially by his service on the House Government Information and Individual Rights Subcommittee, he is closely involved with the issue of government lawlessness and the tactics of repression employed by our Intelligence and Criminal Justice Agencies.

First elected to the 89th Congress in 1964, now serving his fifth term in office, Rep. Conyers has an extensive background in elective politics at the local and national level. An attorney and former legislative assistant, having held chair positions with key national advocate organizations (A.C.L.U.), he represents the 1st district, Michigan's Highland Park's Detroit area.





RONALD V. DELLUMS

California, 7th District

A former social worker and manpower development consultant, Rep. Dellums was first elected to the Congress from California's 7th district in 1970. Rep. Dellums has been noted for his expertise on issues related to the military and the progressive positions he has taken on reduction of military spending, racism in the military and military foreign aid.

As the only black member of the Select Committee on Intelligence, Congressman Dellums has played a central role in uncovering illegal activities by U.S. intelligence agencies. Through a bill to provide for bureaucratic accountability, he has been seeking to make all government agencies more responsive to citizen needs.



Among the key bills he has introduced or co-sponsored are: presidential impeachment for high crimes and misdemeanors, establishing a Voter Registration vehicle within the Bureau of the Census that would allow people to register through the Postal Service, national registration of all firearms, the establishment of minimum parole and prison standards, a ban on the armed forces data collection on a person's civilian political activities, reduction of age 21 to age 18 for serving on federal juries, and legislation to assure a more adequate retirement income for employees in the nation's work force.

A veteran of the Marine Corps, Dellums also serves on the Armed Services and House District of Columbia Committees.



CHARLES C. DIGGS, JR.

Michigan, 13th District

Acknowledged to be the most influential Black person in Congress, Charles C. Diggs is the only Black who heads a Congressional Committee, the House District of Columbia Committee.

A veteran lawmaker now serving his eleventh term from Michigan's 13th District, Congressman Diggs' leadership in organizing the Congressional Black Caucus earned him the group's first chairmanship.

He came to Capitol Hill in 1954 after serving for three years as the youngest member of the Michigan State Senate—a body to which he was elected while still a student at Detroit College of Law.

He currently serves as Chairman of the International Resources, Food and Energy Subcommittee of the House International Relations Committee as well as a member of its Subcommittee on International Operations.

A licensed mortician, Diggs is president of House of Diggs, Inc., a Detroit mortuary corporation founded by his late father who was Michigan's first Black Democratic state senator.



WALTER E. FAUNTROY

District of Columbia

In a city where local and national political leaders dominate the scene, Congressman Fauntroy has emerged as one with extraordinary planning and organizing skills.

A political activist close to the late Martin Luther King, Jr., Fauntroy's special gifts came to the fore when King appointed him director of the Washington Bureau of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. In this capacity, Fauntroy made a lasting impression on the 60's civil rights movement. He was coordinator of the 1963 March on Washington, the Selma Montgomery March in 1965, and the national coordinator for the Poor People's Campaign in 1969.

Still among the avant garde of political leadership for the "70's," Fauntroy was chairman of the platform committee of the National Black Political Convention in 1972 and was chief architect of the national Black Agenda drafted at the Gary Convention.

The only Congressman without a vote because he represents the District of Columbia, he nevertheless led the effort in the 93rd Congress to achieve Home Rule legislation for Washington, D.C. He has recently introduced legislation for the District of Columbia's representation in Congress which would provide 2 Senators and Representatives with full voting status for the District.

A practicing minister of the New Bethel Baptist Church, he is secretary of the Congressional Black Caucus, chairman of the Government Operations Subcommittee of the House District Committee, and a member of the House Banking, Currency and Housing Committee.



HAROLD FORD

Tennessee, 8th District

The newest member of the Congressional Black Caucus, Rep. Ford is the first black congressional representative from the state of Tennessee since the Reconstruction era. Elected in November, 1974, representing Tennessee's 8th District, Memphis and Shelby Counties, Harold Ford is no novice in the political system.

After serving two terms in the Tennessee Legislature Congressman Ford became an underdog candidate against Republican Dan Kuykendall in the Eighth Congressional District. In one of the closest races in the city's history, he defeated Congressman Kuykendall by a margin of 744 votes in a race where more than 130,000 votes were cast. Thus at the age of 29 he became the first Black from Tennessee since Reconstruction to become a member of Congress.

Congressman Ford is a member of the Banking, Currency, and Housing Committee, the Veteran's Affairs Committee, and the Select Committee on Aging. He intends to be particularly active in legislation regarding consumer protection, care for the aged, and the funding of needed social programs.

He has introduced the first "Consumer Price Marking" bill in the House. This legislation would require an individual price marked on each item in a store in addition to the computer code system which many stores are adopting. The Moorehead-Ford Intergovernmental Countercyclical Assistance Act is another piece of legislation which has received wide attention. The bill would provide funds to economically depressed areas when the national rate of unemployment reaches six percent.

Harold Eugene Ford was born May 20, 1945, in Memphis, Tennessee. He was the ninth of fifteen children born to Newton and Vera Ford. He received his bachelor's degree in business administration in 1967 from Tennessee State University. At John Gupton College in Nashville he was awarded an Associate of Arts degree in Mortuary Science in 1969. He was married to the former Dorothy Bowles on February 10, 1969. They have three young sons—Harold, 4, Jake, 2 and Sir Isaac, who was born January 6, 1975.



AUGUSTUS F. HAWKINS

California, 21st District

The 94th Congress has proven to be extremely busy and productive for Congressman Hawkins. The Congressman has had a part in sponsoring or cosponsoring almost 300 pieces of legislation during this session.

Primary among these bills and resolutions is Congressman Hawkins' H.R. 50. H.R. 50—"The Equal Opportunity and Full Employment Bill"—seeks to establish a comprehensive structure for guaranteeing nationwide full employment and equal opportunity. It guarantees the right for useful and meaningful employment to every adult American able and willing to work. Because of the severity of present unemployment rates, H.R. 50 has generated much interest, not only with Congress where the bill has 110 cosponsors, but also with concerned citizens throughout the nation.

Among Mr. Hawkins' other major legislative achievements during this session are bills to provide public service employment opportunities for unemployed and underemployed persons (H.R. 2205), an amendment to the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 to guarantee equal opportunity for access to legal services to the nation's minority and disadvantaged groups (H.R. 2276), and an amendment to the Community Services Act of 1974 to increase the federal share of financial assistance to Community Action Agencies (H.R. 8576).

As chairman of the House Education and Labor Committee's Subcommittee on Equal Opportunities, Congressman Hawkins has spent much time in seeing that agencies of the Federal government regulate and enforce job discrimination laws. Oversight hearings have heard testimony from the Department of Labor, the U.S. Civil Service Commission, and the Department of Health, Education and Welfare. These agencies have been found to be lackadaisical in formulating equal employment opportunity procedural regulations, and Congressman Hawkins intends to continue applying pressure to these agencies until solid and fair policies are formulated which guarantee proper enforcement.

The Congressman's Subcommittee has also held important hearings during the past session concerning Title IX sex discrimination regulations issued by HEW.



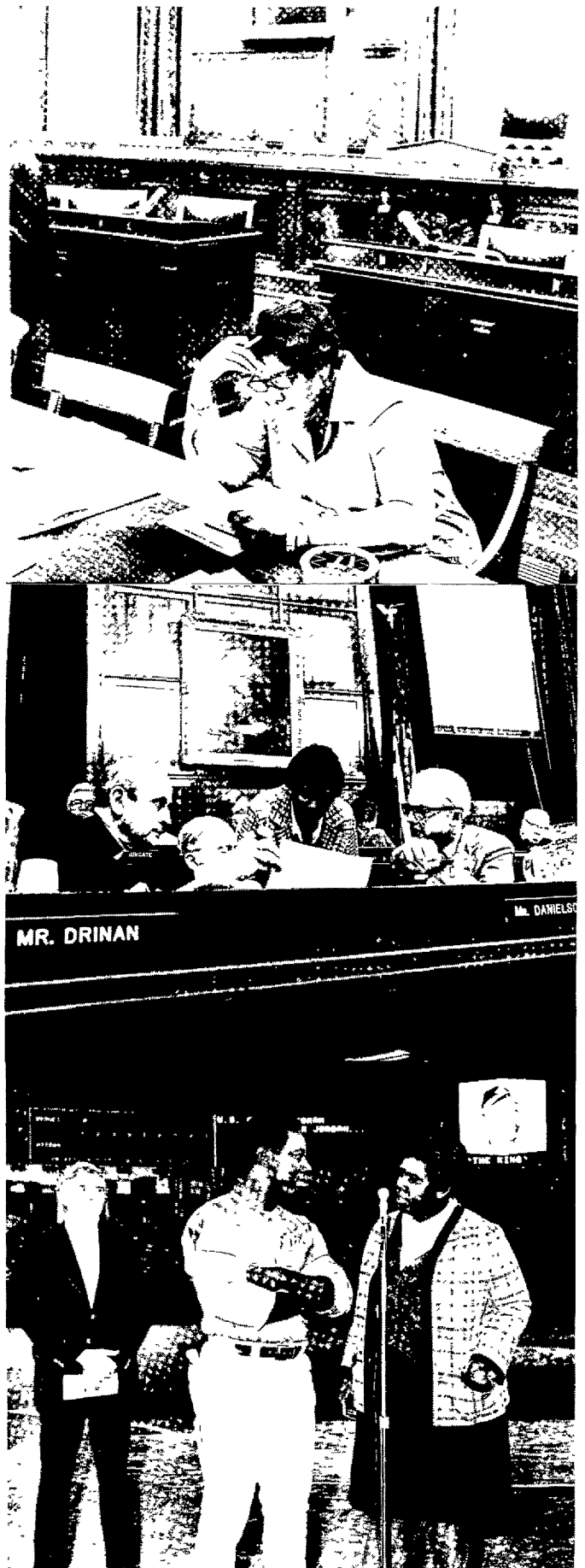
BARBARA JORDAN

Texas, 18th District

Congresswoman Barbara Jordan brought many "firsts" to Congress and therefore to the Caucus: the first Black person and the first Black woman to serve in the Texas State Senate, the first Black woman in the country to preside over a legislative body when she was elected president pro-tem of the Senate; and the first Black woman sent to Congress from the South. However, it was her role as a member of the House Judiciary Committee considering recommending the impeachment of former President Nixon to the House of Representatives that launched her to national prominence.

Representative Barbara Jordan was the first Member of Congress to submit legislation expanding the provisions of the Voting Rights Act to blacks and Mexican Americans residing in the Southwestern States. Her bill was incorporated into Public Law 94-73. She was the principal sponsor and floor manager of a bill repealing state fair trade laws which legitimize vertical price fixing agreements between manufacturers and retailers. The bill passed the House of Representatives by a vote of 380-11. As a member of the House Judiciary Committee Subcommittee on Monopolies and Commercial Law, Representative Jordan is taking part in an intensive investigation of the structure and pricing practices of the energy industry. The Government Operations Subcommittee on Intergovernmental Relations, of which she is a member, will soon begin hearings on whether the \$30 billion General Revenue Sharing Program should be renewed. In addition, Representative Jordan has sponsored legislation expanding the Social Security system to enable homemakers to receive benefits in their own right; revise unemployment compensation payments to enable workers to continue to receive unemployment compensation while temporarily ill; expand the anti-trust laws to allow state attorneys' general to bring suits on behalf of the citizens of their states, and a bill terminating authority of the President to declare national emergencies where no longer needed.

As a member of the Democratic Caucus Steering and Policy Committee, Representative Jordan assists in the assignment of Members to the standing Committees of the House and participates with the leadership in the scheduling of House business.





RALPH H. METCALFE

Illinois, 1st District

Former Olympic track star, Ralph H. Metcalfe was elected to the United States House of Representatives in 1970 following an active political career in Chicago.

After a tour in the Army, Metcalfe became a director of Civil Rights for the Commission on Human Rights in Chicago. From there, he became the first Black on the Illinois State Athletic Commission and was subsequently elected a Ward Democratic Committeeman and later an Alderman. In 1969, he was elected president pro-tempore of the Chicago City Council.

He is a member of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee and the Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee as well as the Transportation and Commerce, the Consumer Protection and Finance, the Panama Canal, and the Oceanography Subcommittees.

Congressman Metcalfe has been active in overseeing the administration of numerous federal programs and has uncovered failures in programs to provide preventive medical care to school children and misguided psychological research in prisons. He has introduced numerous bills, including those providing for a federal correctional ombudsman, gun control, and a resolution providing for aid to drought-stricken nations in the Sahel desert. Rep. Metcalfe was instrumental in defeating the Waxman-Scheuer Amendment which would have eliminated affirmative action guidelines for medical schools.

Nationally, he serves with the Members of Congress for Peace Through Law and is a member of the Board of Directors of the United States Olympic Committee.

Locally, he is a member of several organizations including Amvets, the Chicago Urban League, NAACP, and the Helms Athletic Foundation.



PARREN MITCHELL

Maryland, 7th District

Long active in the struggle for civil and human rights, Parren Mitchell established a track record back in the "50's" to open up the University of Maryland for Blacks.

A former sociology professor as well as a political activist, he brings to his constituents a keen sensitivity to human problems.

First elected to Congress in 1970, he represents Maryland's 7th district, Baltimore City. Prior to that time he worked as executive director of the Community Action Agency in Baltimore and as the executive secretary of the Maryland Commission on Inter-racial Problems and Relations.

Long a prominent spokesman for minority business participation, Congressman Mitchell this year became a member of the House Budget Committee. He has also been a proponent for housing legislation and has introduced a bill to provide for an expanded program of low-income housing. Together with Congressman Stokes and the other Caucus members on the House Budget Committee, Rep. Mitchell issued a dissenting opinion to the House Budget Resolution. This Resolution called for an acceptable 7.4% unemployment which would negate serious full employment legislation. Rep. Mitchell has established a growing network of Black technical resource persons in the field of business and economics, who meet regularly for strategy sessions on minority enterprise and housing issues.

A recipient of several awards, he has received honorary degrees from the University of Maryland, Coppin State College, and Morgan State College. He is also a board member of the National Association of Community Development, the Maryland Committee for Day Care, the Pan-African Business Information Center, the Educational Policy Center, Inc., and the Koinonia Foundation.





ROBERT N. C. NIX

Pennsylvania, 2nd District

Following reorganization of the House International Relations Committee (formerly the Foreign Affairs Committee), Congressman Robert N. C. Nix took on an important new assignment as Chairman of the International Economic Policy Subcommittee. The new subcommittee deals with international economic policy, international investments policy, and international financial and monetary institutions.

Nix's subcommittee is now holding hearings on bribery and other corrupt practices engaged in by American companies overseas. He intends to sponsor legislation to halt these practices. Other subjects for the subcommittee will include foreign investment in the United States and the "export" of jobs from the United States by multinational companies.

A senior member of the Post Office and Civil Service Committee, Nix is the principal sponsor of the Federal Employee Labor Management Act, to improve labor-management relations in the Federal government, and of a bill to allow constituents to write to their congressman free of charge (the reverse franking privilege).

Other legislative priorities for Nix are emergency anti-recession legislation, the full employment bill, tax reform, national health insurance, and anti-trust legislation.

A graduate of the University of Pennsylvania Law School, Congressman Nix was formerly a special state deputy attorney general working in the department of revenue and later, a special assistant deputy attorney general for the Commonwealth. He remains a member of the legal firm Nix and Nix.

Active in local politics, Congressman Nix was initially elected 44th Ward executive committeeman in 1932. He has been re-elected to that post for 26 years to date.

Displaying an interest in community affairs, the Congressman is a member of the NAACP, the YMCA, American Woodsman and the Philadelphia Citizens Committee Against Juvenile Delinquency and its Causes.



CHARLES B. RANGEL

New York, 19th District

Charles B. Rangel, Chairman of the Congressional Black Caucus since January, 1974, was elected to represent the 19th Congressional District in New York which includes the Harlem community, in 1970, succeeding Adam Clayton Powell, Jr.

During the Judiciary Committee's impeachment investigation of Richard Nixon, Rangel received nationwide recognition for his incisive and probing questioning. At the beginning of the 94th Congress, Rangel moved from the Judiciary Committee to become the first black member of Congress selected for membership on the powerful and prestigious Ways and Means Committee. In his first months on the Ways and Means Committee, Rangel has actively pursued tax reform, an effective national energy policy, reform of the welfare system, and an investigation of the misuse of the Internal Revenue Service by the government.

The Congressman has continued his vigilant war against narcotics in the 94th Congress. Because Turkey breached its agreement with the United States to ban the growth of the opium poppy, source of much of the heroin on the streets of our major cities, Rangel has been in the vanguard of congressional efforts to impose sanctions against U.S. foreign assistance to Turkey. Rangel has taken this issue up with the President and Secretary of State, urging the Administration to assign the international narcotic traffic priority status on its agenda.

Rangel was born and raised in the Harlem community, which he now represents. A high school drop-out, Rangel returned from the Korean conflict a decorated veteran and completed his educational career under the G.I. Bill. He represented the Harlem community for four years in the New York State Legislature before being elected to Congress. Prior to elected office, Rangel was a U.S. Attorney for New York's Southern District and, under President Johnson, was general counsel to the National Advisory Commission on Selective Service.



LOUIS STOKES

Ohio, 21st District

In his first attempt to run for public office, Louis Stokes was elected to the House of Representatives in 1968. He is the first Black member of Congress from the State of Ohio.

The second chairman of the Congressional Black Caucus, Congressman Stokes served as a member of the Education and Labor Committee and the House Internal Security Committee during his first term in office. In his second term, he became the first Black appointed to the House Appropriations Committee.

Still serving as a member of the Appropriations Committee, Congressman Stokes has been in the forefront of efforts to increase funding for education as well as other social programs. As a member of the Budget Committee, he has the responsibility of helping to implement the new process for rationalizing federal spending. He has introduced bills in such diverse areas as energy cost subsidies and psycho-surgery prohibition. Congressman Stokes has also been in the forefront of Caucus concerns about the effective use of general revenue sharing funds for meeting human needs.

Prior to his election to Congress, he practiced law for 14 years and was chief trial counselor for the law firm, Stokes, Character, Perry, Whitehead, Young and Davidson.

A recipient of numerous civic awards and honorary degrees, Stokes is listed in Who's Who in America, Who's Who in American Politics, and Who's Who in the Midwest. He is a member of several local and national organizations including: Cleveland State University Board of Trustees, Cleveland Bar Association, the Cleveland Urban League, Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, The American Civil Liberties Union, and Karamu House.



ANDREW YOUNG

Georgia, 5th District

The first Black congressman from Georgia since Reconstruction, Andrew Young came to Capitol Hill at the beginning of the 93rd Congress. A practicing minister in Georgia and Alabama before going to work for the National Council of Churches in New York City in 1957, he became an aide-de-camp of the late Martin Luther King, Jr.

As a staff member of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, he became a prominent member of the civil rights movement as he helped to organize voter registration drives throughout the South, participated in major campaigns, and planned some of the strategies that led to historic victories in the movement. Young was also instrumental in drafting the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

Congressman Andrew Young has introduced legislation to provide comprehensive health care for all persons in the United States. The bill is based on the concept of health care as a human right, regardless of a person's income. The plan would provide for a full range of benefits, and would be financed by taxes on wages (2%), employers (6% of payroll), and self-employed and unearned income (5%). It would be administered by an independent Social Security Administration.

Mr. Young was active in the efforts this year to extend the Voting Rights Act. He has introduced legislation providing for U.S. participation in, and contributions to, the African Development Fund. He has worked for rollbacks in oil prices, a variety of education and labor measures, and cutbacks in military expenditures.

This year Congressman Young has traveled to Nigeria and Zaire, and served on the Democratic Party Compliance Review Commission. He was also elected as a Regional Vice President of the Democratic Study Group, and as co-chairman of SANE, a citizens organization working for arms control and disarmament.



PRESS RECEPTIONS



This year's press reception, held on June 25th on Capitol Hill, was sponsored by ESSENCE MAGAZINE, courtesy of Mr. Edward Lewis, Publisher and Chairman of the Board.

Pictured left to right are: The Hon. Charles B. Rangel, Ms. Estelle Wallach (Public Relations Director, Essence Magazine), Ms. Susan Taylor (Fashion and Beauty Editor), Ms. Marcia Ann Gillespie (Editor-In-Chief), Mr. Clarence Smith (President), Mrs. Clarence Smith and Mr. Edward Lewis.

SPONSORS

The Congressional Black Caucus
gratefully acknowledges that the
PUBLIC RECEPTION
(Immediately prior to the Annual Dinner)
has been made possible through the courtesy of
SENATOR BIRCH BAYH



The appearance of the Newark Boys Chorus to perform "Lift Every Voice and Sing" during the Dinner proceedings has been sponsored by Johnson and Johnson.

The V.I.P. Reception
on Friday Evening prior to the Annual Benefit Concert
has been made possible through the courtesy of the
COMMUNITY RESOURCES CORP.
Mr. Herbert Wright, *President*
and Mr. Daniel Schein

BENEFIT CONCERT

THE SOUND OF PHILADELPHIA



The talent, imagination and versatility of the Blue Notes are clearly evident in their classics "The Love I Lost," "If You Don't Know Me By Now," "I Miss You," and "Bad Luck."

Responsible for much of their own musical arrangements and choreography, this dynamic group has excited the musical scene since 1960, and continues to shape the musical world of the future.



Blending the unique qualities of jazz, rhythm and blues and pop, Billy Paul reached the summit of his long career with the record-breaking gold single "Me and Mrs. Jones" for which he also received the Grammy Award. His television appearances, concert and club tours along with his current album "Got My Head On Straight" continue to secure his place in the world of "everybody's" music.



People's Choice

It's easy to understand how the Peoples Choice got their name—this threesome of seasoned musicians from Philadelphia have literally made audiences across the country beg for more. In 1971 they recorded the hit "I Likes To Do It," followed by another hit single "Wootie-T-Woo-Woo." Their current smash release "Do It Any Way You Wanna" continues to reaffirm their position as The Peoples Choice.



MFSB

Mother, Father, Sister, Brother was the name chosen to "tag" the collective creativity of the studio musicians behind "The Philly Sound." Together now for over seven years, the group has developed into more than just studio musicians—*They are the Soul of Philly.*

Awarded a Grammy this year, the multi-faceted group continues to be in great demand. With two great albums behind them they recently launched their third album "Universal Love," and keep churning out that unique sound of PHILADELPHIA.

CAUCUS AWARDS

A Caucus Tradition which is observed at the Annual Dinner is the presentation of three outstanding awards.

The George W. Collins Memorial Award for Community Service, created after the untimely death of the Chicago Congressman, gives formal public recognition to an individual on the local level which exemplifies the quiet efficient life and work styles of the late George Collins.

The award this year is presented to the Mound Bayou Community Hospital, Inc., a black controlled hospital which serves a medically indigent four-county area in the Mississippi Delta Region. Mound Bayou has been the *so/e* health care service for blacks and the poor of this area for a number of years, but in addition has also developed as the center of community life for a people who have nowhere else to turn.

Accepting the award for Mound Bayou are Dr. Matthew Walker, one of the hospital's founders, and Mr. Howard Taylor Jessamy, the current Hospital Administrator.



Dr. Matthew Walker

A native of Waterproof, Louisiana, Dr. Walker received his M.D. from Meharry Medical College in Nashville, Tennessee. Distinguished both as an instructor and surgeon, Dr. Walker has worked at the Mayo and Crile's Clinics and serves as Chief Surgeon of Mound Bayou Hospital. He also serves as a consultant surgeon of Riverside Hospital and Sanitarium and the VA Hospital in Tuskegee, Alabama, as well as Chairman, Department of Surgery of Meharry Medical College.

Dr. Walker performed the surgery and radioactive gold treatment for cancer on the coast-to-coast television broadcast in 1956 in presenting the research of Meharry Medical College in this field.

He is a member of numerous community and national organizations, as well as many distinguished medical associations. Dr. Walker was recently appointed to one of the most important committees of the government having to do with financial aid to medical schools—The Medicine and Osteopathy Special Improvement Grants Review Committee.



Mr. Howard Taylor Jessamy

A graduate of Howard University in Business Administration, Mr. Jessamy received his Masters in Hospital Administration from the University of Michigan.

Appointed Administrator of the Mound Bayou Community Hospital since 1973, he has led the hospital through several financial crises resulting from cutbacks in federal programs. He completed a renovation program which resulted in the hospital regaining a State license previously withdrawn.

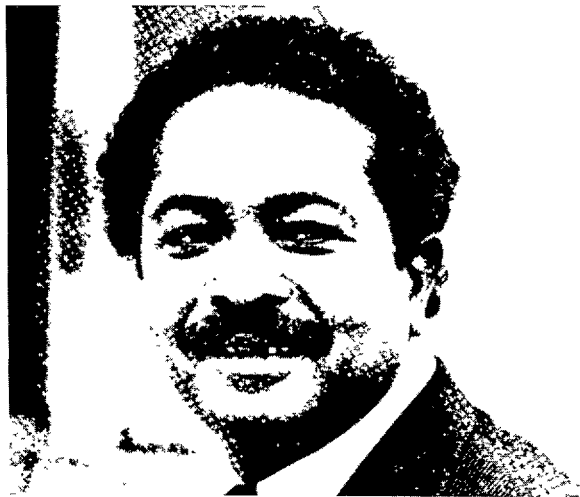
Mr. Jessamy coordinated a fund raising drive in Washington, D.C. which resulted in net proceeds to the hospital of \$166,000. He currently heads the hospital's planning activities, which include replacing the present 33-year-old hospital building with new facilities.

The Adam Clayton Powell Award is presented to an individual with national visibility who best utilizes the legislative process to promote the advancement of minorities. Both George L. Brown and Mervyn Dymally are true representatives of a new style of broad leadership, based on alternatives, not political expediency. Their ability to gain support in majority white states based on serving people in need rather than people of color boldly demonstrates that "there are no permanent friends or enemies—only permanent interests."



Lieutenant Governor George L. Brown began his career as a journalist with the Denver Post in 1950. He was first appointed to the Colorado House of Representatives in 1955 and subsequently elected to the Colorado State Senate in 1956, becoming the first Black to serve in that body. It was during the second year of his fifth term that he was elected Lt. Governor in 1974.

Mr. Brown was the chief sponsor of numerous bills in the Legislature dealing with human rights, including strengthening of the Fair Employment Practices Law in 1957, repeal of the state's Miscegenation Law, improvements of the Public Accommodations Law and strengthening of the Housing Law in 1965. Additionally, he served as Chairman of the Senate's State Affairs and Finance Committees, and as Chairman of the Democratic Caucus.



Lieutenant Governor Mervyn M. Dymally was a teacher of exceptional children in Los Angeles for six years before election to the State Assembly in 1962. He was elected to the State Senate in 1966, and served as Chairman of the Democratic Caucus and as Chairman of the Social Welfare, Military, Veterans Affairs, Elections and Reapportionment committees.

He successfully authored major legislation to expand the state's child, youth and adoption services, speed educational reform, strengthen campaign contribution regulations, provide more child care centers and greatly expand women's rights.

His political philosophy: "I believe it is the responsibility of government—local, state and federal—to assist those citizens in need, to become productive members of our society."

The William L. Dawson Award is presented annually to an individual who has contributed substantially through research, organizational and leadership activities to the development of legislation which addresses the needs of minorities in the United States.



Dr. Kenneth B. Clark's work on the effect of segregation on children, was cited by the United States Supreme Court in its historic 1954 decision on school desegregation, *Brown v. Board of Education*.

Dr. Clark served as Professor of Psychology at the City University of New York since 1942 and has also been Visiting Professor at Columbia University, the University of California at Berkeley and Harvard University.

He is author of Several books and articles, including *Prejudice and Your Child*, the prize-winning *Dark Ghetto*, *Dilemmas of Social Power*, and *Pathos of Power*; co-author of *A Relevant War Against Poverty*, and co-editor of *The Negro American*.

As an authority in the field of human and race relations and affirmative programs, Dr. Clark has served as Advisor and Consultant to the U.S. Department of State in this field.

1975 DINNER CHAIRPERSONS



Mr. I. W. Abel's experience as a steelworker, labor organizer and leader spans a fifty-year period. As one of the early volunteers of the Steel Workers Organizing Committee in 1936 (a forerunner of the United Steelworkers), he moved through the ranks as a volunteer and staff person to become International Secretary-Treasurer of the United Steel Workers of America in 1952. He was elected International President early in 1965 and re-elected for four-year terms in 1969 and 1973. Abel has worked vigorously to "put the United Steelworkers of America back in the mainstream of the American labor movement" and has stimulated that union's active participation in the programs of the AFL-CIO. He is President of the Industrial Union Department and Vice President of the national AFL-CIO. In October, 1965, Abel was given the A. Philip Randolph "Man of the Year" award from the Negro Trade Union Leadership Council of Philadelphia. He has received numerous honorary Doctorate degrees from colleges and universities. Long active in civic affairs, Mr. Abel has served on a variety of boards and commissions, both Government and private.



Ms. Harris, an outstanding attorney, has excelled and drawn national acclaim throughout her varied professional career. Currently a partner in the law firm of Fried, Frank, Harris, Shrive and Kampelman, Ms. Harris' former positions include Dean and Professor of Law, Howard University School of Law; United States Ambassador to Luxemburg; Attorney, Department of Justice. Ms. Harris is a distinguished leader in the Democratic party, having served as chairperson of the important Credentials Committee in the 1972 Democratic National Convention. She received broad recognition and support for her exceptional skill in the lengthy deliberations over contested delegate seats. Currently, she is an at-large member of the Democratic National Committee. Ms. Harris is also a member of numerous corporate, business, civic and educational institution boards and has received honorary Doctorate of Law degrees from over twenty-two universities and colleges.



The business career of Ralph A. Weller, who became chairman of the Otis Elevator Company in February of this year, always has been linked to the urban centers—the city.

Beyond the obvious connection of Otis Elevator with skyscrapers, Mr. Weller's commitment to the city stretches beyond his full business schedule. Currently he serves as a director of the Lockheed Aircraft Corporation, and Charter New York Corporation; and as a trustee of the Harlem Savings Bank, the Consolidated Edison Company of New York and the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Besides his various memberships on European, Far Eastern and Middle Eastern trade commissions and committees, Mr. Weller serves as chairman of the Executive Committee of the New York State Traffic Safety Council; is a regular member of the Conference Board; treasurer and a director of the New York Building Congress, and a director of the National Multiple Sclerosis Society and the Phelps-Stokes Fund.

THE DINNER SPEAKER



Judge Benjamin L. Hooks was sworn in on July 5, 1972 as a member of the FCC for a term of office through June, 1979.

A native of Memphis, Tennessee he practiced law in that city from 1949 to 1965, serving during that time as Assistant Public Defender for three years. In 1965 he was appointed Judge of Division IV of the Criminal Court of Shelby (Memphis) by the Governor of Tennessee, and was subsequently elected to that office for an eight-year term.

Commissioner Hooks has combined careers as lawyer and Minister since 1956, when he was ordained by the Baptist Church. He has also pursued an active business career as co-founder and Vice President of the Mutual Federal Savings and Loan Association of Memphis.

Commissioner Hooks has also been the producer and host of his own television program, "Conversations in Black and White," co-producer of the television program, "Forty Percent Speaks" and a panelist on the television program, "What Is Your Faith" on Memphis stations.

HONOREES



Joe Louis, boxing's living legend, is a symbol of the golden era of prize fighting, the immortal heavyweight of all its history. He held the title, "The Heavyweight Champion" of the World, longer than any man. Until he retired, as champion in March 1949, he lost only one bout, to Max Schmeling. The dramatic manner in which he avenged this defeat is considered by historians as the most famous triumph of his career.

But it was not merely for his stunning record that Joe Louis is remembered. He was a figure of national importance.

He was a great heavyweight champion, together with John L. Sullivan and Jack Dempsey. Joe avoided no challenger and bragged less than any champion. He was a good-humored man who had *pride* in what he was. The night Marciano knocked him out, people who didn't know him wept in Madison Square Garden—not for the fighter, but for the man.

Today Joe Louis is still a symbol and is widely known among the young as he is among those of his generation. Married to attorney Martha Louis, he is vice president of the Louis-Rowe Public Relations and Consultant firm.



Paul Robeson is a man remembered for his many talents, his strong convictions and his courage in speaking out on behalf of racial, social and political injustices during a time when it was less than popular to do so.

A Phi Beta Kappa student at Rutgers University, an All-American athlete, a graduate of Columbia Law School and a professional football player, he maintained a level of excellence in the face of countless obstacles.

A gifted singer and superb actor, both in film and the Shakespearean stage, Paul Robeson was dedicated to the ideal that his talent and art should convey the pride of black heritage and underscore the concept that black Americans were destined, indeed would demand to share in the good of the country they helped to build.

Enduring personal attack by the State Department and The House Committee on Un-American Activities, he continued his concert tours, often finding himself in the midst of violent racial demonstrations.

Paul Robeson transcended his time, his race and his person to join that select group of souls who speak for all humanity.



HOST: HAL JACKSON, a broadcasting pioneer is currently Vice-President of WBLS and WLIB in New York City, among the nation's first minority-owned radio stations. In addition to his many philanthropic activities, Hal is also Executive Producer of the Miss U.S. Talented Teen Pageant (International) a contest for teenage girls from around the world. The 1976 Pageant will be televised from the St. Croix Island Center in the U.S. Virgins.



THE O'JAYS have been a permanent fixture in contemporary R & B music for over a decade. Known to be one of the best vocal aggregations, the group emerged to the category of pop stars with the smash singles "Back Stabbers" (their first gold record), and "Love Train."

THE DINNER PROGRAM

Presiding

I. W. Abel
Patricia Roberts Harris
Ralph A. Weller

"Lift Every Voice"

Newark Boys Choir

Invocation

Most Reverend Eugene A. Marino, D.D.S.S.J.

Introduction of Caucus Members

Senator Edward W. Brooke

Welcome

Mayor Walter Washington

On Behalf of the Caucus

Presentations

Adam Clayton Powell Award
George W. Collins Award
William L. Dawson Award

Honorees

Joe Louis
Paul Robeson

Guest Speaker

Dr. Benjamin L. Hooks

Entertainment

Host: Hal Jackson
O'Jays

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Black Journal (T V Show)
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Comm. Kenneth Drew, *Publisher*
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Senator, Colorado

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The Black Scholar, Calif

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Amsterdam News

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U S Senator

Mr. William Jackson
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Carrier Corp

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Jordan Wrecking Co

Mr. James A. Joseph
Cummins Engine Co

Ms. Brenda Joyce
Gulf Oil Corp

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 Big Seven Corp
Ms Sharon Kennon
Mr. Brady Keys, Jr., President
 All-Pro Enterprises Inc
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 Martin Luther King Center
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Mr. Octave LaBeet, Vice-Pres
 The County Trust Company
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Ms. Beatrice Posey Lee
Mr. Howard F. Lee, Manager
 Africa Magazine (NY Office)
The Hon. Howard N. Lee
 Mayor Chapel Hill, N C
Mr. Robert E. Lee
 Fed Communications Committee
Ms. Naomi Levine, Nat'l Exec Dir
 American Jewish Congress
Mr. John Levy
 John Levy Enterprises
Mr. Edward Lewis, President
 Essence Magazine
Ms. Joan Lewis
 National Assoc of Dramatic &
 Speech Arts
Ms. Martha Lewis
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***EXTENDS ITS DEEPEST
GRATITUDE TO***

**GAMBLE, HUFF
AND BELL**



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1975 BENEFIT CONCERT
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Dear Friends:


Your continued support and interest in the Congressional Black Caucus during the past year, has enabled us to expand our programmatic directives toward more challenging goals. Your gifts and contributions during this period of economic instability and joblessness, have made it possible for us to maintain a small, but capable staff to carry on research and inform our supporters about areas of concern to all minorities and under-represented Americans.

We look forward to the coming year with anticipation of more public input around our common Legislative Agenda, and the intensive participation of our constituents and supporters in developing issues important in the bicentennial election year.

The members of the Congressional Black Caucus express their sincerest appreciation for your expressions of confidence.

With warmest personal regards and thanks,

Sincerely,



Andrew Young
Treasurer

LUCAS, TUCKER & CO.

Certified Public Accountants
1101 17TH STREET, N.W. SUITE 307
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036

(202) 659-2911

OFFICES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

To the Board of Directors
Congressional Black Caucus, Inc.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have examined the balance sheet of the Congressional Black Caucus, Inc. as of June 30, 1975, and the related statements of support, revenue, and expenses and changes in fund balance and of functional expenses for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the aforementioned financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Congressional Black Caucus, Inc. at June 30, 1975, and the results of its operations and changes in fund balance for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Lucas, Tucker & Co.

July 28, 1975
Washington, D. C.

**CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS, INC.
BALANCE SHEET
JUNE 30**

ASSETS

	1975	1974
Assets		
Cash (Note 3)	\$120,078	\$45,175
Notes receivable		2,000
Accounts receivable	1,174	436
Deferred fund-raising charges	23,440	6,500
Total assets	<u>\$144,692</u>	<u>\$54,111</u>

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,937	\$ 1,147
Taxes withheld	652	28
Total liabilities	4,589	1,175
Fund Balance (Exhibit B)	140,103	52,936
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$144,692</u>	<u>\$54,111</u>

**CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS, INC.
STATEMENT OF SUPPORT, REVENUE, AND
EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1975**

Public support and revenue	
Public support:	
Contributions (Note 4)	\$ 50,275
Special events (net of direct benefit costs of \$122,068)	184,354
Total public support	<u>234,629</u>
Revenue:	
Royalty income	50,000
Interest income	278
Total revenue	<u>50,278</u>
Total support and revenue	<u>284,907</u>
Expenses:	
Program services:	
Legislative development	42,830
Public information	10,704
Total program services	<u>53,534</u>
Supporting services:	
General and administrative	60,518
Fund raising	83,688
Total supporting services	<u>144,206</u>
Total expenses	<u>197,740</u>
Excess of public support and revenue over expenses	87,167
Fund balance, beginning of year (Note 5)	52,936
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$140,103</u>

**CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS, INC.
STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1975**

	Program Services			Supporting Services			
	Legisla- tive ment	Public Develop- ment	Infor- Total	General and Admini- strative	Fund Raising	Total	Total Expenses
Personnel	\$32,958	\$ 6,500	\$39,458	\$42,772	\$11,920	\$ 54,692	\$ 94,150
Professional fees		2,250	2,250	4,942	31,425	36,367	38,617
Printing and Publications	2,060	408	2,468	2,672	22,467	25,139	27,607
Other operating expenses	7,812	1,546	9,358	10,132	17,876	28,008	37,366
Total expenses	<u>\$42,830</u>	<u>\$10,704</u>	<u>\$53,534</u>	<u>\$60,518</u>	<u>\$83,688</u>	<u>\$144,206</u>	<u>\$197,740</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 1975

Note 1. ORGANIZATION

The Congressional Black Caucus, Inc. (CBC), a non-profit corporation was incorporated on December 10, 1971, to operate exclusively for the promotion of social welfare and the promotion of the common good and general welfare of the various peoples of the community who look to it for guidance and leadership.

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CBC reports on its financial operations by using the fund method of accounting. The financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting.

All public support and revenue are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor.

Donated materials and services are recorded as contributions at their fair market value and expensed.

CBC is an exempt organization, as described within the meaning of Section 501(c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code, consequently, no provision for income tax has been reflected in the financial statements.

Note 3. CASH

Of this amount, \$103,486 was deposited in interest bearing accounts.

Note 4. CONTRIBUTIONS

Included in contributions is \$47,690 representing donated services.

Note 5. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The fund balance reported at June 30, 1974 has been restated to reflect the elimination of the 1973 provision for estimated tax liability. Such adjustment had the effect of increasing the previously reported fund balance by \$4,616 and decreasing the liability for taxes withheld by the same amount.

H. R. 2320

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 29, 1975

Ms. JORDAN introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

ISUBCOMMITTEE PRINT

MARCH 20, 1975

PRINT OF H.R. 50 WITH AMENDMENTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 14, 1975

Mr. HAWKINS (for himself and Mr. REUSS) introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 6408

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 28, 1975

Mr. FORD of Tennessee introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Government Operations

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 4989

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 14, 1975

Ms. BURKE of California introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Government Operations

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 1810

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 23, 1975

Mr. CONYERS (for himself, Ms. BURKE of California, Ms. CHISHOLM, Mr. CLAY, Ms. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. DOLANS, Mr. DRES, Mr. FAUNTROY, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, Mr. HAWKINS, Ms. JORDAN, Mr. MITCHELL, Mr. ROSENTHAL of Maryland, Mr. NIX, Mr. RYAN, Mr. STOKES, and Mr. YOUNG of Georgia) introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 2476

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 30, 1975

Mr. STOKES introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 4991

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 14, 1975

Ms. COLLINS of Illinois introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committees on Public Works and Transportation and Banking, Currency and Housing

H. R. 1533

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 16, 1975

Mr. MITCHELL introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 8912

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 25, 1975

Mr. RANGEL (for himself, Mr. CORMAN, Mr. KANTH, and Mr. STARK) introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 8839

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 23, 1975

Mr. CLAY (for himself, Mr. MELCHER, Mr. METCALFE, Mr. MIEVA, Mr. MINETA, Mr. MITCHELL of Maryland, Mr. MURPHY of New York, Mr. MURPHY of Illinois, Mr. NIX, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. REUSS, Mr. ROSENTHAL, Mr. SEIBERLING, Mr. STARK, Mr. STOKES, Mr. WHITEHURST, Mr. YOUNG of Georgia, and Mr. ZEPERETTI) introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 3126

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 13, 1975

Mr. FORD of Tennessee introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 6283

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 22, 1975

Mr. YOUNG of Georgia introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committees on Ways and Means and Interstate and Foreign Commerce

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 3404

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 20, 1975

Ms. COLLINS of Illinois introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce

94TH CONGRESS
1st Session

H. R. 6937

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 13, 1975

Mr. FAUNTROY (for himself, Mr. MITCHELL of Maryland, Ms. BURKE of California, Ms. CHISHOLM, Ms. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. DELAUNE, Mr. HARRINGTON, Mr. MITCHELL, Ms. MINER, Mr. MURPHY of New York, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. REUS, Mr. SEIBERLING, Mr. STARK, and Mr. STARK) introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing

H. R. 4990

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 14, 1975

Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing

A BILL

To amend the Truth in Lending Act to require lenders to post current interest rates charged for various categories of loans to consumers.

H. R. 4264

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 4, 1975

Mr. Young of Georgia introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing

A BILL

To provide membership in the African Development Fund.

H. R. 2205

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 28, 1975

Mr. HAWKINS introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

To provide public service employment opportunities for unemployed and underemployed persons, to assist States and local communities in providing needed public services, and for other purposes.

H. R. 7232

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 21, 1975

Mr. FAUNTROY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing

A BILL

To provide for the disclosure by depository institutions of mortgage loans and deposit sources by zip code, county, or State, and for other purposes.

H. R. 1610

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 17, 1975

Mr. HAWKINS (for himself, Mr. REUSS, Ms. ABzug, Mr. BARRETT, Mr. BRODHEAD, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. CARNEY, Mr. CLAY, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. DENT, Mr. DIGGS, Mr. DRINAN, Mr. FARCELL, Mr. FRASER, Mr. METCALFE, Mr. NOWAK, Mr. OTTINGER, Mr. PERKINS, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. RODINO, Mr. ROSENTHAL, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. SOLARZ, and Mr. THOMPSON) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

To establish a national policy and nationwide machinery for guaranteeing to all adult Americans able and willing to work the availability of equal opportunities for useful and rewarding employment.

H. J. RES. 280

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 5, 1975

Mr. FAUNTROY introduced the following joint resolution, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the Constitution to provide for representation of the District of Columbia in the Congress.

H. R. 4095

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 3, 1975

Mr. RANGEL introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for the establishment of a National Sickle Cell Anemia Institute.

H. R. 5371

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 7, 1975

Mr. STOKES introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce

A BILL

To prohibit psychosurgery in federally connected health care facilities.



1974 IN RETROSPECT



Barbara J. Williams
Executive Director,
Congressional Black Caucus



In December 1974, the Caucus appointed Ms. Barbara J. Williams as its Executive Director. She is the former director of the Coalition for Human Needs and Budget Priorities. She holds a Juris Doctor degree and a Masters Degree in Social Work from the University of California, Los Angeles.

Modeen Broughton Means
President, Modeen Enterprises, Inc.
1975 CBC Dinner Coordinator



Mrs. Means has coordinated the Annual Caucus Dinner since 1973. Formerly the head of her own Public Relations Firm, she served clients such as Aretha Franklin and Ray Charles, and acted as personal manager for the late King Curtis. Recently Mrs. Means coordinated the Tribute to Hal Jackson and the 1975 Reception of the Council of Black Elected Democrats of N.Y.S.

CREDITS

Entertainment Coordinator

Harry Coombs, Exec. Vice-Pres.
Gamble, Huff and Bell

Entertainment

Gamble, Huff and Bell

Special Consultant

Assistants to the Dinner Coordinator

Modeen Enterprises, Inc.
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Eugene Jones
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Aletra Parsons
Carole Salter

Workshop Coordinators

Congressional Black Caucus
The Joint Center for Political Studies

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Lu Willard for LuRick

Souvenir Dinner Brochure

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Shane Business Forms, Inc.

Printing

Shane Business Forms, Inc.
New York, New York

Staff and VIP Travel Arrangements

Mrs. Eleanor Haynes for
Good Service & Group Travel, Inc.
Jamaica, New York

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Herb Kane, Federal Agency Coord.
Beryl Bridges, Administrative Ass't.
Lance Swain, Staff Ass't. to Exec. Dir.
Doris Green, Administrative Sec'y.
Jacqueline James, Secretary