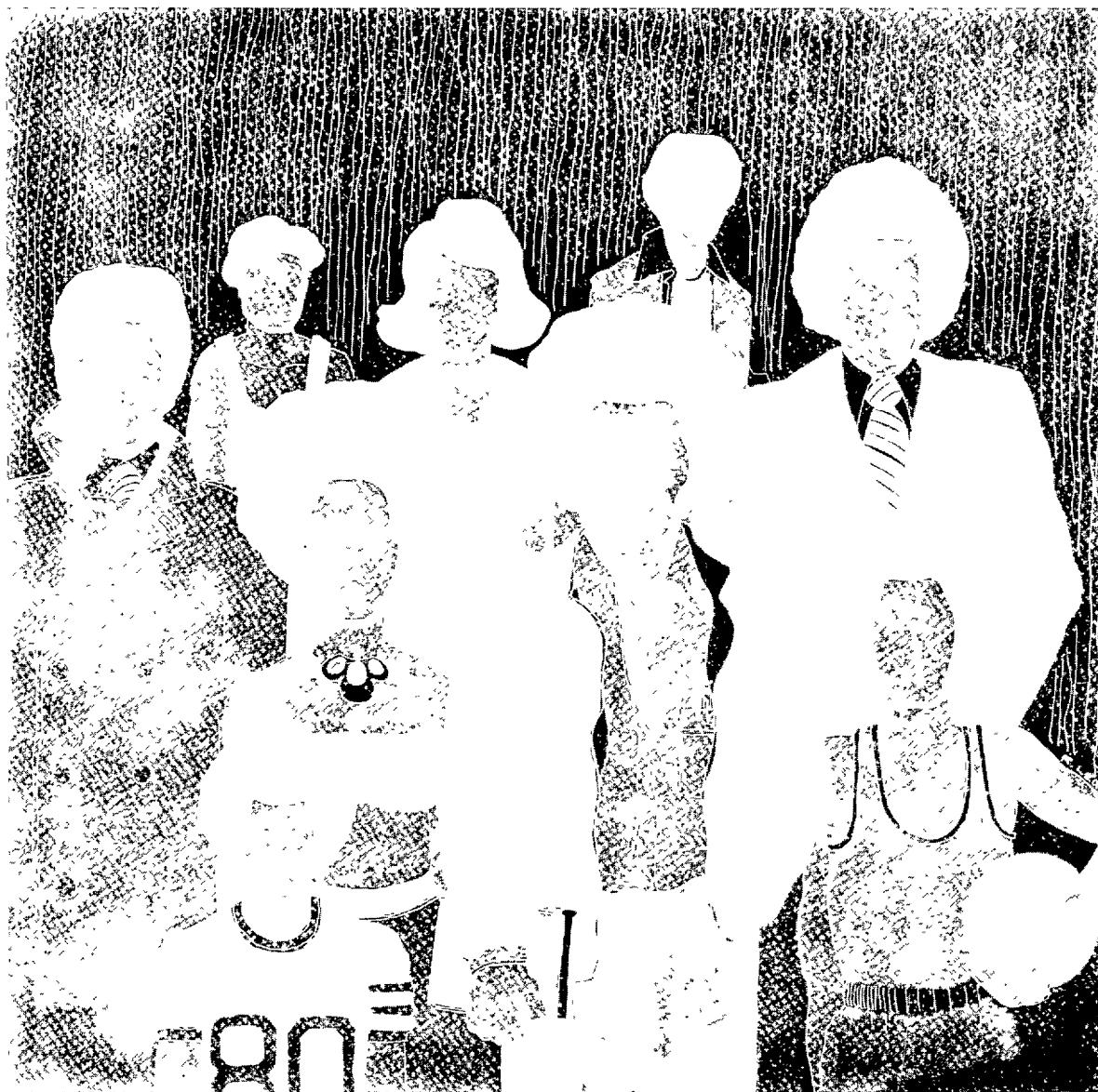


THE CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS 4TH NATIONAL BANQUET / SEPTEMBER 28, 1974 / WASHINGTON HILTON HOTEL WASHINGTON, D.C.

For the People



The professional politician, who has seldom been held in high esteem by the American public, has sunk even lower over the last several years. The actions of the Nixon Administration in thwarting civil liberties, obstructing justice and committing other "high crimes and misdemeanors" against the people have led to a deterioration in the respect for the Office of the President in particular and the vocation of politician in general.

Black people and minorities have by and large been most fortunate in their selection of public officials. These men and women have been dedicated to the communities they were elected to serve. However, fortune is no substitute for the careful scrutiny of public officials and candidates.

It is hoped that "Watergate" is a lesson well-learned. Only through responsiveness to all the people can government function in a fair and democratic manner **for the people.**



Beginnings of The Congressional Black Caucus

During the heyday of their political careers, the late Congressman Adam Clayton Powell, William Dawson, and the First Caucus Chairman, Charles C. Diggs, Jr., formed the Democratic Select Committee, the forerunner of the Congressional Black Caucus. Meeting informally, they compared legislative notes, gave each other moral support in working on behalf of their constituencies, and acted as sounding boards for creative problem-solving and decision-making.

Following the 1968 elections, a rush of new Black faces appeared on Capitol Hill. At the urging of Congressman William Clay, a newcomer, it was proposed that Black Congressional members become a single instrument through which the political and minority communities would hear a single unified voice; one which reflected, articulated, and acted upon the interests of the poor and disadvantaged. With low-key efficiency, the nine Black members became the Congressional Black Caucus in 1970. In 1971, the Caucus clout was felt as a new vital force in the political system. This happened when the group boycotted President Nixon's 1971 State of the Union address. A formal protest, it was their reaction to his refusal to meet with them to discuss a 61-point agenda for government action on crucial and foreign issues. This unprecedented action forced Nixon to pay political recognition to the 13-person delegation headed by Congressman Diggs and to review the agenda.

The Caucus achieved national prominence in the fight to defeat Supreme Court nominees, Haynesworth and Carswell. Since that time, three additional persons joined the Caucus after the elections of 1972 swelling the ranks to 16.

Shortly after assuming office, President Gerald Ford agreed to meet with the Caucus to review items on the national Black political agenda.

Urban, Black, and Democratic, the Caucus has gained a foothold in the political arena and is moving to help Black America utilize its newly-retrieved political power to create constructive alternatives through legislative action.

The Work of The Caucus

In developing a comprehensive legislative program, the Congressional Black Caucus took step one in 1971, under the leadership of its first chairman, Charles C. Diggs, Jr. The group initiated an information-gathering project via a series of public hearings. Here, the burning issues affecting the lives of America's minorities and disadvantaged were brought to the surface. Chaired by individual members of the Caucus, the hearings covered such relevant and diverse topics as Racism in the military, Black business development, the mass media and the Black community, the development of a national Black political agenda, the delivery of health and medical services, and education.

These hearings were far more than data-gathering vehicles. They provided a platform from which the tone and mood of the national Black community could be assessed. As a direct link to Black communities and other formal organized bodies' action on their behalf, the hearings gave the Caucus some idea of what Black and poor people expected from them.

When Congressman Louis Stokes came to the helm as the Caucus' second chairman, he made an announcement in July, 1973 in which he stated: "If we are going to make a meaningful contribution to minority citizens in this country; then it must be as legislators. This is the area in which we possess expertise—and it is within the halls of Congress that we must make this expertise felt . . ." With the realization that a crucial ingredient for effective legislation is research, Stokes directed the Caucus to make use of the data collected at the hearings by drafting a synthesis of information that would be fed regularly to the body as a whole. The data would assist in decision-making, bill introduction and sponsorship and other legislative tasks.

The current chairman, Charles B. Rangel, has moved one step further by directing the Caucus and its staff to establish a set of legislative priorities. Understandably, there are a myriad of issues of concern to the Caucus members' constituents, the national Black community, and organizations across the country working in the interests of the poor and disadvantaged. With data secured from all three sources, the Caucus has selected those areas of commonality as its legislative agenda. These issues are being incorporated into the Caucus legislative action calendar, a document that gives the Caucus, its staff, and the general public a sense of their direction.

Caucus Action

Confronting the issues head on, the Caucus started a counter-strategy to salvage OEO programs. Through its close work with the sub-committee on OEO programs headed by member, Gus Hawkins, and its ability to forge a coalition of related interest groups, the Caucus played a major role in salvaging several OEO programs.

The Caucus has introduced legislation extending the life of the Public Health Service, Community Mental Health and the Development Disabilities Service and Facilities Construction Act—legislation that directly affects minorities and the poor at all levels.

Through the efforts of the Congressional Black Caucus and its alert to the national Black Community, the Mound Bayou Hospital and Delta Community Health Center, scheduled to close May 31st, were saved from extinction. This twin facility is headquartered in the all-Black town and serves a five-county area of Northwest Mississippi.

The Caucus has established its legislative priorities for the 93rd Congress which include: Repeal of the Byrd Amendment to halt the importation of Rhodesian chrome; prohibition of federally-funded sterilization programs; administration of a voter registration program through the postal service; establishing a national energy information system relevant to the poor; prohibition of the sale, manufacture, transportation of guns; penal reform; criminal justice; public health improvement; a Martin Luther King, Jr. National Holiday; Social Security Act amendments to aid the poor and aged; Tax Reform; Housing; Drugs.

Currently the Congressional Black Caucus is reviewing the newest Federal agency, the Office of Technology Assessment, to determine the impact of the agency's function and operation on minorities and the poor.

Further, the Caucus surveyed and evaluated the House reforms proposed by the Bolling Committee, reforms that potentially have a long-term negative effect on Black Congressional representation.

The Congressional Black Caucus will continue to wage its legislative and political battles covering all front-line moves that affect the lives of America's poor, minorities and disadvantaged. And, in the words of present Caucus chairman, the Honorable Charles B. Rangel, "Where we can provide leadership for those colleagues who represent large minority constituencies, we shall. Where there are causes that can benefit by coalition politics, we shall coalesce. And whenever or wherever we can serve impoverished and minority citizens as legislators, unquestionably we shall."

The Work of The Caucus Staff

As the research and communications adjunct of the 16-member body, the Caucus staff plays an important support role in the legislative process. The first staff director, Howard Robinson, was appointed in 1971. Since 1973, the staff has been headed by Augustus Adair.

In addition to its heavy research function—collecting, summarizing, and organizing data—the staff has the following other tasks in implementing and interpreting Caucus policy:

1. **Monitoring legislation** on both the House and Senate sides.
2. **Organizing and Mobilizing Support Outside the Caucus.** The staff has helped to organize a coalition of some 40 groups including the National Urban League, the National Council of Negro Women, Operation PUSH, the AFL-CIO, the Coalition for Human Needs and Budget Priorities, and the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, to push through Legislation on the Caucus' priority list.
3. **Congressional staff briefings**—conducted by Caucus staff members or outside experts invited in by the executive director. As an example, three staff briefings were conducted relative to the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, a 26.5 million package that was recently signed by the President. These briefings keep Caucus members and their aides informed and abreast of current legislative action on Caucus priorities.
4. **Public Education and Information Sessions.** During the past two years the Congressional Black Caucus staff has met with more than 150 church, school and community groups from across the country. Meetings with these groups have been instruction or education sessions on "How the Legislative Process Works." The Caucus has been particularly interested in meeting with youth groups because of their present attitudes about politics in general and national politics in particular.

As part of their research function, the staff gave the Caucus the legislative ammunition to save Mound Bayou Hospital. When the facility was transferred from GSA to HEW, HEW officials claimed that their agency did not fund hospitals. The staff uncovered two obscure, but important programs under which HEW did in fact fund hospitals: the Public Health Service Act and the Indian Health Service Program. The Department of HEW has agreed to support the hospital for another 12-year period to allow it to convert from a grant-funded operation to a fiscal procedure more customary for hospitals.

Two important communications vehicles have been established by the staff:

1. **The Legislative Alert and Fact Sheet**—a summarized narrative on bills scheduled for debate on the House floor. The Legislative Alert and Fact Sheet include such information as, the sponsor(s)' time schedule, a brief analysis and history of the legislation and the "pro and con" arguments. Often the staff will suggest certain actions for the caucus before and during floor debate.
2. **The Caucus Newsletter**—a quarterly publication that keeps organizations and the public abreast of the work of the Caucus, its individual members, and the staff.

The staff's most immediate consuming activities have been the development and preparation of the materials presented to the President on Wednesday, August 21, 1974 at a White House meeting and planning for the September 26th and 27th Legislative Workshops for Black elected officials and minority advisors.

Caucus Programs

Caucus Awards

Another Caucus Tradition which is observed at the Annual Dinner is the annual presentation of two outstanding awards.



The Adam Clayton Powell Award is presented to an individual with national visibility who best utilizes the legislative process to promote the advancement of minorities. The first recipient of the award was labor/civil rights leader, A. Philip Randolph. Clarence Mitchell, Congressional lobbyist for the NAACP, was last year's recipient.



The George W. Collins Memorial Award, created after the untimely death of the Chicago Congressman, gives formal public recognition to an individual on the local level who exemplifies the quiet efficient life and work styles of the late George Collins. Reverend E. Z. Jackson, of Chicago, was last year's recipient.

The Caucus Dinner

The Congressional Black Caucus Dinner, established as a tradition in 1971, is the primary source of raising funds to support the Caucus' full time staff and office facilities. The staff—the arms and legs of the 16 Caucus members—carries out the Caucus programs of legislative research and the establishment and maintenance of communication between principal groups involved in the legislative process.

Actor-producer Ossie Davis' words, spoken at the first dinner in 1971, remain an inspiration and guiding force. He directed the Caucus to give Black people a plan of action—one that would not be the providence of an individual, but a self-perpetuating and self-sustaining movement transcending time and the limitations of individual leadership.

"It's not the Man, But the Plan; Not the Rap, But the Map."



Scenes from the 1973 Dinner

Press Conference

Preplanning activities around the Congressional Black Caucus Fund-raising Dinner affair included press conferences held in three cities: Washington, Atlanta, and New York.



Congressman Andrew Young,
A Friend, Morris Levy,
Pres. Roulette Records,
Congressman Walter Fauntroy,
Congressman Ronald Dellums,
Congresswoman Cardiss Collins



Mayor Maynard Jackson,
Curtis Mayfield,
Congressman Walter Fauntroy,
Congressman Charles Rangel



Marvin Schlacter, Pres.
Chess/Janus Records,
Ms. Betty Shabazz,
Congresswoman Shirley Chisholm,
Fred Fioto, Pres. De-Lite Records

Pre-dinner Entertainment

Jimmy Witherspoon,
Big blues man in the Jimmy Rushing tradition
provides the entertainment during cocktails.



Dinner Host

Georgie Woods,
Popular disc jockey on radio station WDAS
in Philadelphia is the Dinner Host.



The Dinner Program

Presiding

Aretha Franklin, Theodore Kheel,
Morris Levy, Rev. Leon Sullivan

"Lift Every Voice"

Led by Aretha Franklin

Invocation

Introduction of Caucus Members

Dr. Gloria Toote

Welcome

Cong. Walter Fauntroy

On Behalf of the Caucus

Presentations

Adam Clayton Powell Award
George W. Collins Memorial Award

Honorees

Mrs. Medgar Evers,
Mrs. Martin Luther King, Jr.,
Mrs. Malcolm X, and
Mrs. Whitney M. Young, Jr.

Guest Speaker

The Honorable Maynard Jackson
Mayor, Atlanta, Ga.

Entertainment

Host: Georgie Woods
Gladys Knight & The Pips

A Tribute to Black Womanhood

Just recently a sculptural tribute to Mary McCleod Bethune was erected in the nation's capitol. This historic monument established two precedents: the first memorial in the nation's capitol to a Black person and the first to a woman.

The latter precedent typifies the reluctance of our society to publicly acknowledge the social, cultural, and political gifts women or Blacks have given America. Although individual isolated acknowledgement is certainly welcome and long overdue, the payment of general homage to all Black women seems a longer time coming.

On the occasion of its 4th annual dinner, the Congressional Black Caucus wishes to pay a special public tribute to all Black women.

The Caucus has selected four outstanding women as symbolic of all Black women to be recipients of this honor on behalf of their sisters. They are: Ms. Medgar Evers, Ms. Martin Luther King, Ms. Malcolm X, and Ms. Whitney M. Young, Jr.

Individually and collectively they are examples of Black womanhood at its finest. Each was supportive of her husband and his work. Each is a model of motherhood. Yet, each is a strong individual person in her own right, committing energies and resources to the development of projects upon which she places priorities. These projects are in the vanguard for social, economic, and political change. The recipients share in common having paid the supreme sacrifice to the cause of civil and human rights: their beloved husbands.



The Honorees

Ms. Myrlie B. Evers

Ms. Myrlie B. Evers, a native of Vicksburg, Mississippi, attended public schools in Vicksburg and studied at Alcorn College for two years in the early fifties. Then later, after her husband's death, she completed her studies, earning a baccalaureate at Pomona College in 1968.

The Executive Secretary of the Mississippi State NAACP from 1954-1957, Ms. Evers' later professional career centered around college program administration for disadvantaged students for the six-school complex of Claremont College.

The author of *For Us the Living*, a well-documented account of her husband's life and the high-pitched political and emotional climate in Mississippi in the 50's and 60's, she is also a contributing editor of *Ladies Home Journal*. As a writer-commentator, Ms. Evers served as a consultant to "Ten Years After," a documentary of Mississippi's decade of progress on *The Reasoner Report*, and created six editorials written and produced for WNBC-TV, New York City.

She remains a staunch political activist as evidenced by her candidacy for Claremont, California's 24th Congressional District in 1969-70. Though defeated, she pulled 37% of the vote, the highest for any Democrat in the district for 16 years. She has also served as Women's Chairman, California State Central Committee and National Co-Chairman of the Muskie for President Campaign.

Embarking on a new career in the business sector this September, Ms. Evers joined the organization of Seligman & Latz Company as a Vice President.

Seligman & Latz Co. operates over 900 beauty salons in leading department stores. In her new role she will be devising marketing programs to attract the black consumer to the salons.

The mother of three, Ms. Evers is president and co-founder of the Medgar Evers Fund, New York City. She also serves on several national and local institutional boards including: The National Women's Political Caucus, Tougaloo College, Friends of the Earth, Watts Media Center, Californians for Juvenile Justice, and Campfire Girls of America.

Ms. Coretta Scott King

Ms. Coretta Scott King is president of the Martin Luther King, Jr. Center for Social Change, Atlanta. Born in Marion, Alabama, Ms. King earned bachelor's and master's degrees at Antioch College and the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston, respectively.

As a speaker and a vocal concert artist, Ms. King is very much in demand in both capacities before civic, college, religious, and fraternal groups here and abroad.

One of her significant contributions to the civil rights movement is the development of the Freedom Concert, a form in which the story of the Civil Rights Movement is narrated in prose and poetry with music.

An established author with the completion of *My Life With Martin Luther King, Jr.*, she has since published in *Good Housekeeping*, *New Lady*, *The National Catholic Reporter*, *McCall's* and *Theology Today*.

An extensive traveler throughout the United States, Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the Caribbean, Ms. King has been the recipient of 18 awards and 15 honorary doctorates.

Among her "firsts" are: first woman to deliver a Class Day Address at Harvard University and the first woman to deliver a sermon at a Statutory Service, St. Paul's Cathedral, London.

The mother of four, Ms. King is active on several local and national boards including: The Southern Rural Action Project; The Southern Christian Leadership Conference; Boston University, National Organizing Committee, Local 1199; National Council of Negro Women; National Health Insurance Committee; and Women's International League for Peace and Freedom. She remains a tireless servant for peace.

Ms. B. Betty Shabazz

Ms. B. Betty Shabazz is a trained registered nurse who went on to pursue her M.A., and is currently at work on her doctorate in public health education administration at the University of Massachusetts.

She is the author of *Malcolm X, the Man and His Times*, part of an anthology and "The Legacy of My Husband" for *The Search: The Scholastic Black Literature Series*. At present she is completing a book on the history and progress of public school education in Haiti.

Widely traveled on her own and with her late husband, Ms. Shabazz is well-known on the college circuit as a lecturer on 3rd world people and the civil rights movement.

From January, 1973—October, 1973, she was director of Y-Med, part of Community Action Group, Inc., an educational program that provided young women and their families with educational, health, and psychological services.

Long active in the child day care movement in Westchester County, her immediate consuming interest is her involvement with the Day Care Council of Westchester, Inc. Here, she is President of the Board of Directors and chairperson of Westchester Community Coordinated Child Care Program, an organization comprising 150 agencies working to provide quality child care and related supportive services.

The mother of 6, Ms. Shabazz is an active member of numerous federal, national and local boards as a member or Trustee. They include: The Advisory Committee on Family Planning for HEW, The National Housewife League, Detroit, Michigan, *The N.Y. Amsterdam News* Editorial Board, Kenwood Foods Corporation, Westchester Women Service League, The Afro-American Cultural Foundation, New York State Public Health Association, and Delta Sigma Theta Public Service Sorority.

Ms. Margaret Young

Ms. Margaret Young, educator and author, is a graduate of Kentucky State College and the University of Minnesota. She taught English at Kentucky State and education and psychology at Spelman College, Atlanta, Georgia and the University of Atlanta.

A prolific writer of children's books including: *First Book of American Negroes*, *The Picture Life of Ralph Bunche*, *The Picture Life of Thurgood Marshall*, and *Black American Leaders*—Ms. Young is active in several organizations involved in education and social work. She became a member of the Board of Directors of Phillip Morris, Inc. in 1972.

Chairman of the Whitney M. Young, Jr. Memorial Foundation, Inc., Ms. Young's other board memberships include: Xavier University, the Girl Scouts of America, Blythedale Hospital for Children, Valhalla, N.Y., The Public Policy Committee of the Advertising Council, the Rockefeller University Council and the United Nations International School Development Committee.

The mother of two, Margaret Young was appointed by President Nixon to the 28th General Assembly of the United Nations as Alternate Representative of the United States in 1973. Ms. Young recently served as the U.S. Representative to the United Nations Seminar on Human Rights in Ohrio, Yugoslavia.

The Dinner Speaker

Maynard Holbrook Jackson *Mayor of Atlanta*



With a strong conviction that the key to the creation of a better society was via the political arena, Maynard Jackson left his post as attorney with Atlanta's Emory Community Legal Services Center to put his hat in the ring for U.S. Senator in 1968. Although the incumbent Herman Talmadge won the election, Jackson carried Atlanta with a margin of 6,000 votes. Encouraged by this local victory, his conviction, and the get-up-and-go legacy inherited from both sides of his family, he entered the hard and vigorous campaign for Vice Mayor of Atlanta in 1969 outpolling every other candidate in the city-wide election. In 1973, after serving four years as Vice Mayor, he announced his candidacy for Mayor and won with 59.2% of the total vote cast against incumbent Mayor Sam Massell.

His leadership destiny seemed almost predetermined when he was accepted as a Ford Foundation Early Admissions Scholar at Morehouse College at 14, where he received his B.A. After earning his law degree with honors from the Carolina Central University Law School, he formed the law firm Jackson, Patterson, Parks and Franklin, Georgia's first Black law firm.

The youngest Mayor in the history of Atlanta, 36-year-old Jackson is married to the former Bunnie Hayes and is the father of three children: daughters Elizabeth and Brooke, and son Maynard, III (Buzzy).

Dinner Talent

Gladys Knight and The Pips



Gladys Knight and the Pips

at the summit of an outstanding show business career, accepted two Grammy Awards for the Best R&B and Best Pop Vocal Performance by a group in 1973. In the same year they had four gold records, one for the album, "Imagination" and three for singles, "Neither One Of Us," "Midnight Train To Georgia," and "I've Got To Use My Imagination." They recently performed the music for the motion picture "Claudine."

Benefit Concert Talent

The First Choice

In an effort to bring more persons into participatory action with the Congressional Black Caucus, the First Black Caucus Benefit Concert was held on Thursday evening, September 26th, 1974 at Capital Centre, Landover, Maryland.

Guest artists,
in alphabetical order were:

The First Choice,
The Independents,
Kool and the Gang,
Curtis Mayfield,
and War



The First Choice, three dynamite young ladies from Philadelphia, catapulted to instant fame with their single smash "Armed and Extremely Dangerous" and have gone on to perpetuate this "magic" with "Smarty Pants," and "Love and Happiness."

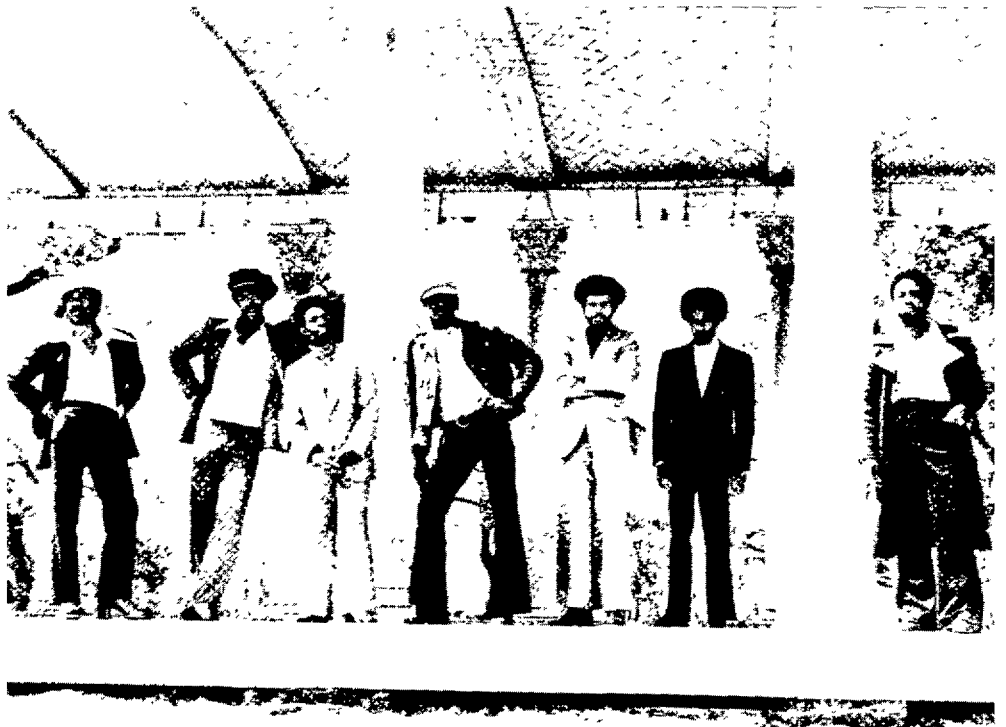
The Independents

The Independents, with two gold singles "Missing You" and "Leaving Me," and the beautiful "Just As Long As You Need Me," are one of the country's top recording groups. They are developing a rhythmic style while continuing to please fans who relate to their present style. Their new single is "Let This Be A Lesson To You."



Kool and the Gang

Kool and the Gang, great headliners, with such hits as "Kool and the Gang," "Kool's Back Again," "Funky Man," "Funky Stuff," and "Jungle Boogie" have had a great influence on today's upcoming instrumental groups. The gold album "Wild and Peaceful" produced the smash hit, "Hollywood Swinging."



Curtis Mayfield

Curtis Mayfield, a brilliant genius who composes, arranges, produces and performs. "Superfly," yielded a gold and platinum album and the music he composed for the sound track of the movie "Claudine," performed by Gladys Knight and the Pips, is a stone winner.



War

War, seven men with a together latin-soul-jazz-rock-blues sound which had made them one of the hottest groups on the scene today and acclaimed on two continents. Their album "All Day Music" was certified gold and platinum and yielded the gold single "Slippin'." From the album "The World is a Ghetto," came the gold single "The Cisco Kid." Two other War smash singles are "Gypsy Man" and "Me and Baby Brother."



Dinner Committee Chair Persons

Aretha Franklin

With sixteen (16) gold records for singles, seven for albums, eight Grammy Awards including the 1974 Best Rhythm and Blues Grammy, Superstar Aretha Franklin has more than earned her undisputed title of "Queen of Soul." The deep emotive renditions and interpretations of her songs—many of which she has written—are making an indelible impression on the history of today's contemporary music scene. Ms. Franklin often takes time from her active, hectic schedule for causes such as the Congressional Black Caucus dinner and the YWCA (for whom she did a number of radio commercials). She is loved by millions the world over.



Rev. Leon Sullivan

A long established Philadelphia community activist, Rev. Leon Sullivan achieved national prominence when he founded the Opportunities Industrialization Center (OIC), a manpower training program operating in more than 100 U.S. cities as well as Ghana, Ethiopia, and Kenya. Reverend Sullivan is also the co-founder of the Zion Investment Associates, which, among other projects, built the \$1.7 million dollar Progress Plaza in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, the largest shopping center built, owned, and operated by American Blacks. Progress Aerospace Enterprise, Inc., a large industrial development involving Black Americans in the Aerospace industry, was also founded by Rev. Sullivan. He made another major breakthrough when he became the first Black elected to the board of the General Motors Corporation.



Theodore Kheel

Noted labor mediator/arbitrator, Theodore W. Kheel, who is acknowledged as the top-ranking professional in his field, is also a banker. A partner in the law firm of Battle, Fowler, Lidston, Jaffin, Pierce and Kheel since 1949, Attorney Kheel is, moreover, a celebrated author of numerous books and articles on Labor law, mediation and arbitration. Currently, he serves as a director on several companies and organizations including, Chairman of the Republic National Bank of New York, and President of the American Foundation on Automation and Employment, Inc. Mr. Kheel was President of the National Urban League from 1958-1960.



Morris Levy

Mr. Levy is the progressive President of Roulette Records, one of the leading labels in the industry. His creative innovations in the record industry and his unselfish support and contributions to numerous civic and charitable organizations earned him the "Man of the Year" Award from the Music Industry Division of the United Jewish Appeal in 1973. In addition to his position with Roulette, he further heads Big Seven Publishing Companies and Adam VIII, Ltd. Production Company, recorded packages marketed via television. It was through his efforts that Birdland was established as a landmark. And, through his sponsorship of Birdland Jazz Tours, jazz traveled to millions in all corners of the world.



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Chairman

CO-CHAIRPERSONS

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Pres. Sussex Records, Inc.

Mr. Stan Hoffman
Exec. Vice-Pres. Chess/Janus Records

Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, Jr.
Dir. Afro-American Institute, NYU

Ms. Yvonne Price
Leadership Conf. on Civil Rights

Mr. Otfield Dukes
Otfield Dukes & Associates

Mr. Harvey Russell
Vice-Pres. Community Affairs, PepsiCo

Ms. Nancy Wilson

ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE

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Mr. Jerry Goldstein
Pres., Far Out Productions

Mr. Marv Stuart
V.P., Curton Records

Mr. Stan Watson
Pres., Philly Groove Records, Inc.

RECEPTION UNDERWRITERS

Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp.
Southern Railway

Black Elected Officials Reception
Washington, D.C.

Chess/Janus Records

New York City Press Reception

Curton Records

Atlanta, Georgia Press Reception

GRC—A. Michael Thevis Enterprise

V.I.P. Reception
Capital Centre, Maryland

Roulette Records

Washington, D.C. Press Reception

Schiettlein & Co.

Dinner Cocktail Reception
Washington, D.C.

1974 DINNER COMMITTEE

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Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp.
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Inter-American Foundation

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Dr. Clarence E. Beverly
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Tennessee Voters Council
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General Electric Co.
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American Jewish Committee
Mr. Bernard Boorstein, *President*
Double B. Record & Tape Corp.
The Hon. William H. Booth
Judge, New York City Criminal Court
Ms. Ruth Bowen, *President*
Queen Booking Agency, Inc.
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Mississippi Valley State University

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Mayor, Los Angeles, California

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Mark V Associates, Inc.

Mr. David A. Brody, *Director*
Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith

The Hon. Edward W. Brooke
U. S. Senate

Mr. George M. Brooker
Webb, Brooks & Brooker

Ms. Modeen Broughton

Dr. Charles S. Brown
Dayton Urban League

Mr. Larry A. Brown, *Exec. Dir.*
Inter-Racial Council for Bus. Opp./Gr. St. Louis

Mr. R. Bry, *Vice-Pres.*
Otis Elevator Co.

Mr. James L. Buckner, *President*
Chicago Urban League

Dr. Archie L. Buffkins, *Chancellor*
University of Maryland, Eastern Shore

Mr. Kenyon C. Burke, *Dir. Community Affairs*
Planned Parenthood

Mr. Michael Burke
Madison Square Garden Corp.

Mr. Walter J. Burke, *Sec'y/Treas.*
United Steelworkers of America

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Coppin State College

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Mayor, Gainesville, Florida

Mr. Jerry Butler

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National Alliance of Black School Educators

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Campbell and Mascari Architects, Inc.

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WJBK-TV, Southfield, Mich.

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Capitol City Liquor Co., Inc.

Hon. Matthew G. Carter, *Mgr. Comm. Affairs*
Hoffman-LaRoche, Inc.

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U. S. Department of State

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National Council of Churches

Dr. Vernal G. Cave, *President*
National Medical Association

Dr. James E. Cheek, *President*
Howard University

Dr. King Cheek, Jr., *President*
Morgan State College

Dr. Charles E. Cobb, *Exec. Dir.*
Commission for Racial Justice—UCC

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Roy R. Cobb Associates

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American Institute of Architects

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Baltimore Public Schools

Mr. Harold J. Cook, *Natl. Exec. Sec'y*
Omega Psi Phi Fraternity

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The Hon. A. J. Cooper, Jr.
Mayor, Prichard, Alabama

Dr. Frank B. Cox
Oklahoma City Urban League

Ms. Nyra Crenshaw

Mr. Ronnie Crenshaw

Ms. Evelyn Cunningham
Office of the Governor, New York State

Mr. Bill Cureton, *Dir. of R&B Music*
Famous Music Publishing Co.

Mr. Jack Curran, *Legis. Dir.*
Laborers International Union of N.A.

Mr. Charles E. Curry, *Mgr. Community Affairs*
Quaker Oats Co.

Ms. DeDe Dabney, *R&B Editor*
Record World Magazine

Mr. Willie Daniels
Daniels & Bell, Inc.

Mr. William B. Darden, *Chief of Police*
West Palm Beach, Florida

Dean Ronald Davenport
Duquesne University Law School

Mr. Billy Davis
McCann, Ericson

Mr. Charles Davis
National Insurance Association

Ms. Evelyn P. Davis
Children's TV Workshop

Mr. Maunce L. Davis, *President*
Urban League of Mountaintop, N.J.

Mr. Ossie Davis, *Playwright/Director/Actor*

Ms. Sammy Davis, Sr.

Mr. Sammy Davis, Jr.

Mr. Larry Dean, *News Director*
Mutual Black Network

The Hon. John Dent
U. S. House of Representatives

The Hon. David N. Dinkins, *Vice-Pres.*
One Hundred Black Men, Inc.

Mr. Charles F. Donnelly, *Sr. Exec. Vice-Pres.*
The Bendix Corp.

Mr. Lawrence P. Doss, *President*
New Detroit, Inc.

Dr. Ernest A. Dow
National Association of Black Adult Educators, Inc.

Commissioner Kenneth Drew
New York Voice

Don Drossell, *R&B Editor*
Cash Box

Mr. Ernest DuBose

Mrs. Ernest DuBose

Ms. Evelyn Dubrow
International Ladies Garment Workers Union

Mr. William DuChesi, *Gen'l Sec'y/Treas.*
Textile Workers Union of America

Mr. John T. Dudley
University of California at Los Angeles

Mr. John W. Edghill
American Tobacco Co.

Mr. Christopher Edley
United Negro College Fund, Inc.

Mr. Herbert Eisman, *President*
20th Century Music Corp.

Mr. Jean Roland Esquerre, *Corporate Dir.*
Grumman Aerospace Corp.

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Southern Regional Council

Dr. Arthur J. Evans
Virginia State College

Mr. Dan H. Fenn, Jr., *Director*
John F. Kennedy Library, Waltham, Mass.

Mr. Syd Finley
Argonne National Laboratory

Mr. Clarence E. Fitch
Dyke College

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, *President*
Potomac Institute

The Hon. Robert B. Fleming, Jr.
U. S. House of Representatives

Mrs. Robert B. Fleming, Jr.

Mr. Arthur Fletcher
Arthur A. Fletcher & Associates

LT David J. Floyd, *President*
Int'l Assoc. of Black Professional Fire Fighters, Inc.

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P/R Research, Inc.

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Mayor, Tuskegee, Alabama

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Ivy Hill Lithographers

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Gatison & Associates

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Together, Inc.

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General Motors Corporation

Father Louis Gigante

Mr. Zachary Glickman
Kwanza Records

Mr. Edward P. Glore, Jr., *Dir. Market Dev.*
Anheuser-Busch

Dr. Hugh M. Gloster, *President*
Morehouse College

Ms. Cheryl Goggins

Ms. Eleanor Goggins

Ms. Keila Goggins

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National Newspaper Publishers Association

Mr. Joseph A. Gore, *President*
Mary Holmes College

Mr. Patrick E. Gorman, *Sec'y/Treas.*
Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen of N.A.

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Daniel Payne College

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Roulette Records, Inc.

Mr. Earl Graves
Earl Graves Publishing Co.

Ms. Florence Greenberg, *President*
Scepter Records

Ms. Cleo C. Greene

Mr. Robert Greene
Afro-American Newspaper

Mr. Dick Gregory
Social Activist

Mr. Robert J. Grey
A. H. Robins Co.

Mr. A. F. Grosproin, *President*
International Union of Oil, Chemical & Atomic Wkrs.

Ms. Alveretta S. Gunn

Dr. Ellis Hall
Macon Co. (Ala.): Board of Education

Mr. Richard A. Hall
Justice of the Peace, Little Rock, Ark.

Mr. Samuel C. Hamilton
Aetna Life & Casualty

Dr. Nathan Hare, *Publisher*
The Black Scholar

Ms. Diane Harms, *Decorator*
Mansur Attab Furniture

Ms. LaDonna Harris
Americans for Indian Opportunity

Ms. Margaret Harris
Pianist, Composer

Mr. William Harris
National Archives

Dr. Thomas A. Hart, *Asst. to Vice-Pres.*
Gov't Programs, Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Mr. James H. Harvey
American Friends Service Comm.

Ms. Ruth L. Harvey
Attorney-at-Law

Mr. Henry Hay
Hyman & Associates

Mr. Charles L. Hayes, *President*
Albany State College, Georgia

Ms. Selbra Hayes
Selbra's Midway Lounge

Mr. Ronald D. Heath, *Dir. Task Force on Youth*
The John D. Rockefeller III Fund

Ms. Dorothy Height, *President*
National Council of Negro Women

Mr. David Hepburn
WNEW-TV, New York City

Ms. Aileen C. Hernandez
Black Women Organized for Action

Dr. Arthur Hertzberg, *President*
American Jewish Congress

Mr. James Hicks
Amsterdam News

Dr. Matthew Holden, Jr.
Dept. of Political Science, Univ. of Wisconsin

**Mr. P. A. Hollingsworth, Bd. of Dir.
City Council, Little Rock, Ark.**

Dr. John L. S. Holloman, Jr., *President*
New York Health & Hospital Corp.

Mr. M. Carl Holman, *President*
National Urban Coalition

Mr. Donald H. Holt, *Asst. to President*
East Ohio Gas Company

Mr. Robert Hooks, *Actor*

Mr. James T. Housewright, *President*
Retail Clerks International Association

Ms. Saudah Howell, *Designer*
Pillow Paradise, Inc.

Dr. Melvyn E. Hucaby

Mr. William R. Hudgins, *President*
Pan African Corp.

Ms. Ruth Innis
Chess/Janus Records

Mr. William Fred Jackson, *Publisher*
The Weekly Bulletin

Ms. Louella Jackson

Mr. Lorenzo Jalks
Collegiate Broadcasting Group, Inc.

Ms. Elaine B. Jenkins, *President*
One America, Inc.

Dr. Martin D. Jenkins

Dr. Jerry D. Jewell
State Senator, Arkansas

The Hon. Ben E. Johnson
Alderman, Milwaukee, Wis.

Mr. G. Richard Johnson, *Dir. Affirm. Action*
CPC International

Mr. George Johnson, *Chairman*
Johnson Products Co., Inc.

Mr. John H. Johnson, *President*
Johnson Publishing Co., Inc.

Dr. Lonnie Johnson, *President*
Shorter College

Mr. Lonnie Johnson, *Natl. Dir.*
National Post Office Mail Handlers Union

The Hon. L. R. Johnson
State Senator, Georgia

Mr. Ralph Johnson
Lance Investigation Service, Inc.

Mr. Willis E. Johnson
D.C. Armory Board

Mr. Clarence Jones, *Editor/Publisher*
The Amsterdam News

Mr. George Jones

Mr. John Jones, *President*
American Consultant Services, Inc.

Mr. Robert Jones
Jones & Darby, Inc.

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National Urban League

Mr. William L. Jordan, Jr.
Jordan Wrecking Co.

Mr. James A. Joseph
Cummins Engine Co.

Ms. Brenda Joyce
Gulf Oil Corp.

Mr. Phil Kahl, *Vice-Pres.*
Big Seven Corp.

Mr. Nathan Katz
Pocketbook Workers Local #1

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Capital Formation, Inc.

Ms. Sharon Kennon

Ms. Vea Kennon

Mr. Brady Keys, Jr., *President*
All-Pro Enterprises, Inc.

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Video Techniques, Inc.

Mr. Nick King

Rev. Charles H. Kirk

Dr. James E. Lassiter, Jr.

The Hon. Ivan A. Lebamoff
Mayor, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Mr. Theodore S. Ledbetter, Jr.

Mr. Roy LeGronne
CBS

Ms. Naomi Levine
American Jewish Congress

Mr. John Levy
John Levy Enterprises

Mr. Byron Lewis, *President*
The UniWorld Group

Mr. Edward Lewis, *Publisher*
Essence Magazine

Dr. B. Robert Lewis
State Senator, Minnesota

Ms. Martha S. Lewis, *Vice-Pres.*
100 Black Women

Mr. J. Bruce Llewellyn, *President*
Fedco Foods Corp.

Mr. Keith E. Lockhart
National Black Network

The Hon. Robert O. Lowery

Mr. Lacey Lytle

Ms. Grace Lytle

Dr. Lonnie MacDonald

Mr. Bernie McCain, *Prog. Dir.*
Radio KDLA, Oakland, Calif.

Rev. H. Carl McCall, *President*
Radio WLBB, New York City

Mr. William J. McCann, *Museum Dir.*
California Museum of Science, Inc.

Dr. Adam T. McDaniel, *President*
City Council, Rahway, N.J.

Mr. Cornelius McDougald, *Attorney-at-Law*

Mr. Pete McDougal
McDougal Equipment Co.

Mr Alex McDugle
Ms Fannie McDugle
Mr Stanley J. McFarland
 National Education Association
Mr William M. McGhee, Jr
 Fighton Inc
Mr Maunce McIntosh
 Wilson-McIntosh Buick Inc
Dr Leon R. McKinney, Medical Dir
 Harlem Interfaith Counseling Service
Mr Rufus W. McKinney, Asst. Vice-Pres
 Southern California Gas Co
Mr Elridge McMillan, Assoc. Dir
 Southern Education Foundation
Mr Steve Malcolm
Ms Blondeen Malcolm
Mr Joseph Mann
 New York Health & Hospital Corp
Ms LaRue Manns
 Queen Booking Corp
Ms Mary Mason
 Radio WHAT Philadelphia Pa
Mr Larry Maxwell, Record & Management Consultant
Mr John Mayhew-Hinds
 Chrysler Motors Detroit
Mr Charles Mays
 Black Athletes Hall of Fame
Mr Anthony Mazzocchi
 Oil Chemical and Atomic Workers
Mr S. M. Meyer
 Edwin Gould Foundation for Children
Dr Bernice Miller, Assoc. Dir
 Center for Urban Studies Harvard University
Mr Frederick E. Miller, President
 Progress Aerospace Enterprises Inc
Ms Sonja Milliner
 WRC-TV Washington D C
Dr Oscar L. Mims
Mr John C. Mitchell
 Rochester Products Div. of GMC
Ms Susie M. Moore
 National Council of Negro Women
Ms Rose Morgan
Ms Eunice J. Moss
 The Johnson Foundation
Mrs Frances Murphy
 Board Afro-American Newspapers
Mr Andrew C. Muse, Dir. Labor & Compliance Law
 American Can Co
Ms Conchita Nakatani
 National Council of Negro Women
Ms Margaret Nash
Mr Aryeh Neier, Exec. Dir
 American Civil Liberties Union
Mr Albert Neillum
 A. L. Neillum & Associates Inc
Mr Joseph B. Nelson, Jr., Manager
 Joseph Schlitz Brewing Co
Ms Mary B. Nicholas
Mr Freddie North, Vice-Pres
 Nashboro Records
Mr Eddie O. Jay, Asst. Comm
 New York City Dept. of Sanitation
Mr Frederick O. Neal, President
 Associated Actors & Artists of America
Ms Dorothy Orr, Asst. Comm
 New York State Division of Human Rights
Mr Fred Panzer, Vice-Pres
 Tobacco Institute
Mr Bernard Parks, Attorney-at-Law
 Patterson Parks & Franklin
Mr Basil A. Paterson, President
 Institute for Mediation and Conflict Resolution
Mr Melvin Patrick
 MELPAT Associates
Mr William T. Patrick, Dir. Community Relations
 American Telephone & Telegraph
Mr W. Frederick Peniston
 Borden Inc
Mr Charles A. Perlik, President
 The Newspaper Guild
Mr Sam Persley
 Sam Persley Construction Co
Mr Raymond Petrie
 Raymond Petrie Advertising Inc
Ms Elvera Piela
Ms Ersu H. Poston, Commissioner
 New York State Civil Service Commission
Mr Grady Poulard
 The Independent Foundation
Mr Charles A. Powell, Urban Relations Consultant
 Bell Telephone of Pennsylvania
Ms Ernesta Procope, President
 E. G. Bowman Co. Inc
Mr John L. Procope, Exec. Vice-Pres
 The Amsterdam News
Dr Samuel D. Proctor
 Graduate School of Education Rutgers University
Ms Sylvia Quarker
 Peggy's Travel Service

Dr E. E. Rankin, President
 Mississippi Industrial College
Mr Joseph L. Rauh, Jr., Gen. Counsel
 Leadership Conference On Civil Rights
Mr Charles Redd, Exec. Dir
 Fort Wayne Urban League Inc
Mr LeGrand Reed
The Hon. Henry S. Reuss
 U. S. House of Representatives
Mr Hobson R. Reynolds, Grand Exalted Ruler
 IBPOEW
Mr Jules Rifkind, President
 Spring Records
Mr Cleveland Robinson, President
 Distributive Workers of America
Mr William L. Rowe, Chairman
 Human Rights Commission New Rochelle N Y
Mr Herman J. Russell
 H J Russell & Co
Mr Nathaniel S. Russell
 Builders Urban Development Co
Dr Wendell Russell
 Federal City College
Mr Bayard Rustin
 A. Philip Randolph Institute
Mr Philip Rutledge, President
 Am. Soc. for Public Administration
Mr Elbert Sampson
 WKBS-TV Philadelphia Pa
Mr Charles Sanders, Exec. Dir
 Urban League of Essex County
Mr Terry Sanford, President
 Duke University
Mr Robert Schiffman, Gen. Mgr
 Apollo Theatre
Mr Marvin Schlacter
 Chess/Janus Records
Mr David Selden, President
 American Federation of Teachers
Mr Richard B. Sellars, Chairman
 Johnson & Johnson
Mr Harry A. Shuford, Chairman
 First National Bank in Dallas
Mr Leon Shull, Nat'l Dir
 Americans for Democratic Action
Mr William R. Simms
 National Urban League
Mr Tom L. Sims, Vice-Pres
 Interpublic Group of Companies
Mr Louis Simon
 Amalgamated Service & Allied Industries Jt. Bd
Mr David E. Sloan
 Baltimore Contractors Inc
Mr John F. Small
 John F. Small Inc
Mr Walter Smart, Exec. Dir
 National Fed. of Settlements & Neighborhood Ctrs
Dr. Clarke L. Smith
Ms. Connye Smith
 National Association of Black Manufacturers
Mr Eddie G. Smith, Jr., Chairman
 National Dental Association
Mr John Smith, President
 Warner Brothers Records
Mr John Smith
Mrs John Smith
Mr Nate Smith, Chairman
 Black Solidarity Committee
Mr Norman Smith
 Commonwealth Dental Supply Co
Mr Stephen E. Smith
The Hon. F. Pete Stark
 U. S. House of Representatives
Mr Herbert Stephenson
 Friendly Chrysler-Plymouth Inc
Mr Michael Stewart, President
 United Artist Record
Mr Donald Stull
 Stull Associates Inc
Mr Humphrey Sullivan, Dir. P. R.
 Lever Brothers Company
Mr Warren G. Sullivan, Vice-Pres. Admin. & Personnel
 Avco Corp
The Hon. Percy Sutton
 President Borough of Manhattan
Mr Harry N. Sykes
Mr Edward Sylvester, Jr. President
 The Cooperative Assistance Fund
The Hon. Penfield W. Tate II
 Mayor Boulder Colorado
Mr Billy Taylor
 Billy Taylor Productions
Mr Richard C. Thomas, Exec. Dir
 NATRA
Mrs Tommie Thomas
Mr William H. Toles, Dir. Urban Affairs
 ITT Continental Baking Co
Dr Gloria Toole, Asst. Secy
 HUD
Mr Dempsey J. Travis, President
 United Mortgage Bankers of America

Dr Samuel Tucker, President
 Edward Waters College
Mr William Tull, President
 Viet Vets Maintenance Corp
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 Octimum Computer Systems Inc
Mr Abraham S. Venable, Dir. Urban Affairs
 General Motors Corp
Mr John T. Venable, Asst. Vice-Pres
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 Uniroyal Inc
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 Peppico Inc
Mr James V. Walker
 Warner-Lambert Co
Mr Martin Ward, President
 United Association of Journeymen & Apprentices
 of the Plumbing & Pipe Fitting Industry
Mr Walter Washington, Gen. l. President
 Alpha Phi Alpha Fraternity
Dr Benjamin Watkins
 Mayor of Harlem
Mr Bruce R. Watkins, President
 Freedom Inc
Dr Bernard C. Watson
 Prof. & Chmn. Dept. of Urban Ed. Temple Univ
Mr William H. Watson, Nat'l Dir. Urban Affairs
 The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co
Mr Glenn E. Watts, President
 Communication Workers of America
Mr Frederick Weaver, Chairman
 Public Relations Enterprises Inc
Dr Harvey Webb, Jr
 National Dental Association
The Hon. Wellington Webb, Jr
 State Representative Colorado
Mr Irwin Weinstein
Mr. H. Ray Welch, Jr
 Summit Laboratories Inc
Mr Ralph A. Weller, President
 Otis Elevator Co
Dr Aaron Wells
Mr Logan Westbrook, Dir. Spec. Mkts
 Columbia Records
Ms Gen Westbrook
Mr John H. Wheeler
 Mechanics and Farmers Bank
Dr Katie E. Whickam
 National Beauty Culturists League Inc
Rev. Dr. LeRoy White
 Mt. Zion Baptist Church
Mr Robert L. White, Nat'l President
 National Alliance of Postal & Federal Employees
Mr Charles Whitehead
 Ashland Oil Inc
Ms Lu Willard
 LuRick Ventures
Mr Rick Willard, East Regional Mktg. Dire
 Warner/Elektra/Atlantic Distributing Corp
Ms Geraldine Williams
Mr Dane R. Williams, Public Info. Officer
 D. C. Model Cities Program
Mr Eddie N. Williams, President
 Joint Center for Political Studies
Ms Fay H. Williams, Trustee
 Citizens Conference on State Legislation Ind
Mr Otis P. Williams
Dr W. Clyde Williams, President
 Miles College
Mr John Wilson, Assoc. Dir
 National Sharecropper Fund
Ms Margaret B. Wilson, Attorney-at-Law
Mr Livingston Wingate, Exec. Dir
 New York Urban League
Mr Roger Winston, Dir. Human Relations
 San Mateo Union High School
Ms Fran Womack
 National Association of Minority Contractors
Mr Jimmy Wood, Assoc. Dir. of Sales
 Tuesday Publications Inc
Ms. Fannie Woods
Mr. Thomas A. Wood, President
 TAW International Leasing Co
Mr Leonard Woodcock, President
 International Union UAW
Mr Herbert H. Wright, Dir. Urban Affairs
 Philip Morris Inc
Mr Hugh Wyatt
 New York Daily News
Mr. Paul H. Wyche, Jr., Bureau Chief
 National Black News
The Hon. Coleman A. Young
 Mayor Detroit Michigan
Mrs Bruce Zenkel
Mr Dwight R. Zook
 Rockwell International Co

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

September 28, 1974

Dear Friends:

Fiscal year 1973 was a year of re-evaluation and change for the Congressional Black Caucus. Administratively, the Caucus staff grew in number and expertise. Programmatically, the Caucus expanded its legislative priorities and as a part of their concern for re-evaluation of priorities, the continuation of The Office of Economic Opportunity was and remains a major issue.

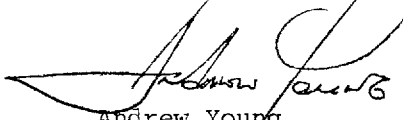
On the income side, the Caucus grossed from its Third Annual Dinner \$218,082.00 with expenses of \$121,698.00. Because of the rising costs of operating the Caucus office, we expanded our fund raising activities to include a Benefit Concert held at Capital Centre, Largo, Maryland.

On the expense side, the major portion of the net proceeds from the Dinner were used to maintain the Caucus staff and to expand its legislative research.

The Congressional Black Caucus continues to search for remedies to social, economic and administrative problems which burden the poor and minorities in the United States, through progressive legislation.

"I'm not saying that the ultimate problem in human relations can be solved through legislation. You can't make a man, through legal strictures and judicial decrees or executive orders, love somebody else. But we aren't trying to legislate love. We are trying to legislate issues that regulate behavior. Even though morality cannot be legislated, behavior can be regulated. While the law cannot change the heart, it can certainly restrain the heartless." -Dr. M.L. King, Jr. - 1964-

With best wishes,



Andrew Young
Treasurer, CBC

LUCAS, TUCKER & CO.

Certified Public Accountants
1101 17TH STREET, N.W. SUITE 307
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036

To the Board of Directors
Congressional Black Caucus, Inc.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have examined the statements of assets, liabilities and fund balance of the Congressional Black Caucus, Inc. as of June 30, 1974; and the related statement of revenue, expenditures and fund balance for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

It was impractical for us to extend our examination of revenue beyond accounting for amounts so recorded.

In our opinion the aforementioned financial statements present fairly the assets, liabilities and fund balance of the Congressional Black Caucus, Inc. at June 30, 1974 and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

August 23, 1974
Washington, D.C.

Lucas, Tucker, & Co.

Congressional Black Caucus, Inc.
Statement Of Assets, Liabilities And Fund Balance
June 30, 1974 and 1973

Assets		1974	1973
Assets			
Cash		\$45,175	\$22,497
Notes and accounts receivables		2,436	4,336
Advances for 1974 dinner		<u>6,500</u>	<u>17,074</u>
Total assets		<u>\$54,111</u>	<u>\$43,907</u>
Liabilities And Fund Balance			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		\$ 1,147	
Taxes withheld		<u>4,644</u>	<u>\$12,792</u>
Total liabilities		\$ 5,791	\$12,792
Fund Balance			
Balance (Exhibit B)		<u>48,320</u>	<u>31,115</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance		<u>\$54,111</u>	<u>\$43,907</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Exhibit B

Congressional Black Caucus, Inc.
Statement Of Revenue, Expenditures and Fund Balance
For The Year Ended June 30, 1974

Revenue		
Annual Dinner (after deducting expenses of \$121,698)		\$96,384
Gifts, contributions and interest		<u>1,595</u>
Total revenue		\$97,979
Expenditures		
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$56,177	
Professional fees	15,500	
Other operating expenditures	<u>9,097</u>	
Total expenditures		<u>80,774</u>
Excess revenue over expenditures		17,205
Fund balance—beginning of period		31,115
Fund balance—end of period (Exhibit A)		<u>\$48,320</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Congressional Black Caucus, Inc.
Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 1974

1. Organization

The Congressional Black Caucus, Inc. (CBC), a non-profit corporation was incorporated on December 10, 1971, to operate exclusively for the promotion of social welfare and the promotion of the common good and general welfare of the various peoples of the community who look to it for guidance and leadership.

2. Accounting

CBC accounts for its transactions on a modified accrual basis by reporting revenue when received and expenditures when incurred. Capital expenditures are charged against current operations within year acquired.

CBC is an exempt organization, as described within the meaning of Section 501(c)4 of the Internal Revenue Code, consequently, no provision for income tax has been reflected in the financial statements.

Certified by: Robert B. Williams
 Robert B. Williams, CPA
 Lucas, Tucker & Co.

Looking Ahead

The re-enfranchisement of our Southern Black brothers and sisters and the swelling of Black ranks in major Northern cities forged the way to our present Second Golden Era of Black Politics.

Blacks now hold more than 2,500 elected positions—eight times more than in 1965. Alabama alone has more Black elected officials than any other state except Michigan or New York. Black populations have reached the over 40% mark in Baltimore, Birmingham, Detroit, Jackson, New Orleans, Savannah, Richmond and Washington, D.C.

It is predicted that the Congressional Black Caucus will grow to 30 by 1980.

The long-deferred dream of Black political power is coming. Inherent in these facts and predictions is the realized political potential to determine elections, if only by bloc, from Dog Catcher to President.

Past Caucus Chairman Louis Stokes indicated in a *New York Times* article that “most controversial legislation is passed or defeated by a margin of 10 votes or less”. Thus a Caucus bloc potentially holds the balance of power on key issues. A specific example of how this power is used was the 1971 vote on legislation authorizing construction of the supersonic air transport (SST). Eleven of the then 13 Caucus members formed a bloc that defeated the legislation by one vote.

Caucus clout is given added weight by 75 to 100 White Representatives whose votes often follow the Caucus, because they were elected from districts with large Black constituencies.

The leadership role of the Congressional Black Caucus emerges at a time when poverty and hopelessness, the henchmen of long standing discrimination, are hard at work. The Caucus flexes its muscles in the aftermath of a controversial war, the stench of Watergate, and impeachment proceedings that stymied congressional action. The Caucus is Black, urban and Democratic. Although these three groups currently share mutual aims and interests, former Caucus Chairman Louis Stokes cautions, “it has no permanent enemies, no permanent friends—only permanent interests”.

In a sense, the survival of the cities is the survival of America. Increasingly, America's cities are being inherited, whether by choice or by chance, by Blacks, Latins and other poor and disadvantaged peoples of European and Asian descent. It is a phenomena that the Caucus members represent major urban areas. The legislative bloc that the Caucus forms, with the support of other urban representatives, has the potential to shape decisively the future of all urban life. So it is of no wonder that the Caucus' interests to support legislation related to the survival of urban cities—i.e., housing, mass transportation, taxation, environmental improvement—is of top priority.

Today, Black people in America may be without jobs. Today Black people may be without decent living environments. Today Black people may find themselves without adequate health care, and with limited educational opportunities—tangibles that make or break the chance for a Good Life in 20th Century America. But Black Americans can find hope in their newly-retrieved political power, a potential that the Congressional Black Caucus will utilize and exhaust until every family in America can live with economic security, dignity, and peace.

Caucus Members

The Congressional Black Caucus, composed of 16 members, represents constituents in 10 states and the District of Columbia. The states include California with three representatives; Illinois, Michigan, and New York with two each; and Georgia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Missouri, Ohio, and Texas with one representative each.

A body of twelve men and four women, its individual members have accepted the dual responsibility of representing their own constituencies as well as charting national legislative priorities for Blacks, the urban poor and other disadvantaged Americans. The newest Caucus members—Jordan, Young, Burke, and Collins—are from districts that are only about fifty per cent Black. Older Caucus members representing heavily Black areas see the election of these new members as a sign that Blacks and women are being accepted as leaders by the public at large.

As diverse and stylized as the constituencies they represent, members of the Congressional Black Caucus come together to focus their legislative energies and individual talents on resolving common problems shared by all their communities: education, housing, health services, drug addiction, military justice, unemployment, and other critical issues.

Placing its initial emphasis on public hearings through which these problems were aired, the Caucus now utilizes the legislative process arena where they use their expertise to attack these economic, social, and political ills.



Yvonne Braithwaite Burke

California, 37th District



A veteran in establishing "firsts", Yvonne Braithwaite Burke is the first Black woman ever elected to the House of Representatives from California; the first Congresswoman ever to give birth while holding office. Incidentally, she became the first Congresswoman granted a maternity leave by House Speaker Carl Albert.

This attractive, talented woman was elected to the House of Representatives from the 37th Congressional District in Los Angeles in 1972.

She earned her credentials as a California state legislator where she supported and co-sponsored bills providing for child care for needy children; relocation assistance to tenants and owners of homes taken by government action; prevention of automatic discharge for employees whose wages were garnisheed; a requirement that major medical insurance policies grant immediate coverage to newborn infants; and insured certification and licensing of board and care homes for children.

A scholar as well as a political activist, Ms. Burke was selected in 1972 by Harvard University as a Fellow in their Institute of Politics and the John F. Kennedy School of Government by Yale University as a Chubb Fellow.

A practicing attorney since 1956, Ms. Burke also served as a Deputy Corporation Commissioner, a Hearing Officer for the Police Commission and as an attorney on the staff of the McCone Commission which investigated the Watts Riots.

She came to national prominence when she served as vice-chairman of the 1972 Democratic National Convention in Miami.

During the first session of the 93rd Congress, Rep. Burke introduced bills on flexible hours for Federal employment, urban mass transit for the West Coast, jet noise reduction, treatment of autistic children, replacement housing in connection with highway programs, better outpatient care in medically underserved areas, and equal opportunity in construction of the Alaskan pipeline.

She was named as one of the nation's top 200 leaders under 45 years of age by *Time Magazine*. Currently, she serves on the following committees and subcommittees: Interior and Insular Affairs, Environment and Insular Affairs, Indian Affairs, Water and Power Resources. She is also a member of the Public Works Subcommittee of Economic Development, Transportation, Energy, and Public Buildings and Grounds.



Shirley Chisholm

New York, 12th District



Fighting Shirley Chisholm, has more than earned her name. One of the most independent-minded members of the United States Congress and the Congressional Black Caucus, she means it when she says “unbought and unbossed”.

Elected to the 91st Congress, Ms. Chisholm represents New York's 12th Congressional District which comprises Bedford-Stuyvesant, perhaps the nation's largest Black ghetto.

She is the first Black Congresswoman in the history of the United States and the first woman and the first Black to seek the nomination for the presidency of the United States on a major political party.

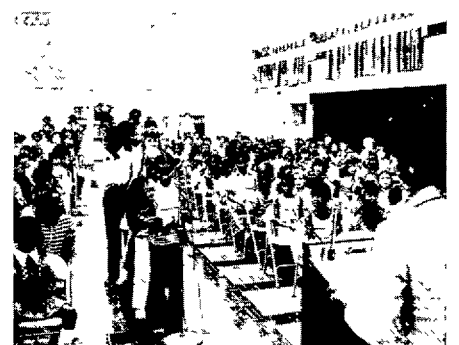
Born and bred in the district she represents, the former teacher/day care director entered politics in 1964 when she successfully ran for the New York State Assembly on the Democratic ticket. An articulate, straight-forward person who in her own words derives her power “from the people” as opposed to the regular party organization, she out-distanced two candidates in the Democratic primaries of 1968 and gained an upset victory over the Republican Liberal candidate by nearly a three-to-one margin.

Upon reaching Capitol Hill her reputation for speaking her mind and her maverick spirit came to the fore when she challenged her assignment to the House Agricultural Subcommittee on Forestry and Rural Villages.

A member of the powerful House Education and Labor Committee, she played a major role in the passage of the Minimum Wage Bill in the House. She serves on the Select Education, General Education, and Agricultural Labor Subcommittees.

Ms. Chisholm, a recipient of more than 11 honorary degrees, was also selected to be the first recipient of Clairol's “Woman of the Year” Award for outstanding achievements in public affairs. For the last three years she has remained on the Gallup-Poll's list of the ten most admired women in the world.

A few of her numerous affiliations are: League of Women Voters, Board of Directors of the Brooklyn Home for the Aged, Brooklyn Branch of the NAACP, the Advisory Council, National Organization for Women, the United Negro College Fund, and Americans for Democratic Action.



William Clay

Missouri, 1st District



Representative of the New Breed that shaped the organization and direction of the Congressional Black Caucus, William Clay, a natural politician, paid double dues as a ward politician and a civil rights leader.

A twenty-year political veteran on the local level before his election to Congress in 1968, he sponsored St. Louis' Fair Employment Bill which he used to open new doors for employment of St. Louis Blacks in bakeries, breweries, the construction industry, public utilities, the aircraft industry, and banks.

Plunging into politics when he was drafted into the Army in 1953, he fought to desegregate Army swimming pools, non-commissioned officers clubs, and barber-shops. Following an honorable discharge, he organized hundreds of St. Louis jobseekers for sit-ins and demonstrations for CORE and the NAACP.

Clay sits on the House Education and Labor Committee, and the Post Office and Civil Service Committee. One of his most significant legislative contributions was the introduction of a bill to insure adequate representation of postal employees—particularly Black employees via the collective bargaining system.

In 1971 the 42-year old Caucus member told the press: "If we're going to be successful, it will be because we've completely revised our political philosophy. It's going to be selfish and pragmatic, based on the premise that we have no permanent friends, no permanent enemies—just permanent interests . . . We're going to turn around the idea that 'what's good for the Nation is good for the minorities and make it 'what's good for the minorities is good for the Nation'".

As active in his local district as he is in the halls of Congress, Clay is District Chairman, Friends of Scouts, a member of the Democratic Study Group, CORE, and the Junior Chamber of Commerce. And he serves on the board of directors of Narcotics Anonymous.



Cardiss Collins

Illinois, 7th District



A veteran politician and key strategist in her late husband's political career, Cardiss Collins filled his shoes when an untimely fatal accident ended his unexpired term.

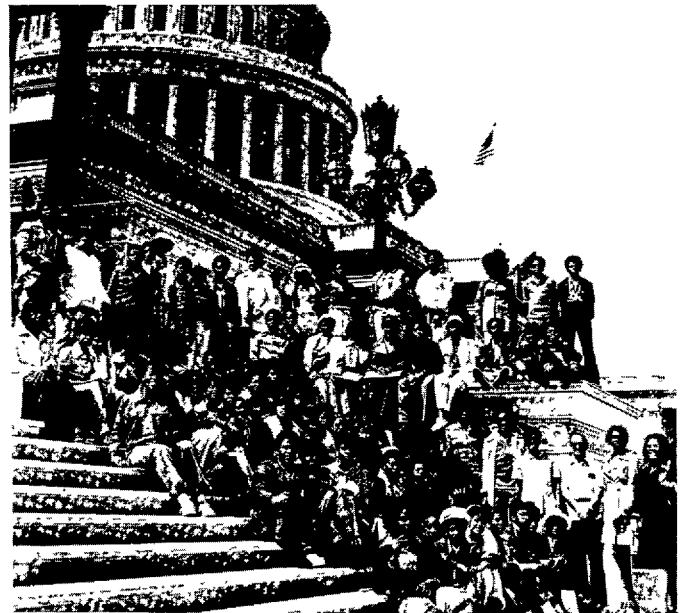
As a committeewoman in Chicago's 24th Ward Regular Democratic Organization, she developed the political savvy that helped her husband in his bids for nomination and strengthened her own political position.

Ms. Collins is a committee member on Government Operations and the Sub-committee on Legal and Monetary Affairs and Government Activities. She was a former auditor for the Illinois Department of Revenue, the vice president of the Lawndale Youth Commission, and a member of the NAACP.

The freshman member of the Congressional Black Caucus, Ms. Collins introduced the first bill in Congress to regulate condominiums. The bill, H.R. 15071, the National Condominium Act, is designed to protect residents of multi-family structures being converted into condominiums. Further, it seeks to protect prospective purchasers of condominiums through minimum standards to be administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Actively interested in women's issues, Ms. Collins also co-sponsored a bill to ban federally-funded sterilization programs. Moreover, she is pushing a bill that will allow postmasectomy patients to buy prosthesis under Medicaid. She is convinced that a prosthesis is not only a cosmetic addition, but a device which serves vital psychological and safety functions.

She has been the recipient of several awards by major local and national organizations including: "Woman of the Year" from the Illinois Citizen's Foundation in 1973; Dr. Mary McLeod Bethune Award for Outstanding Accomplishment by the National Council of Negro Women; and the Quality of Life Award from the National Welfare Rights Organization.



John Conyers

Michigan, 1st District



Aptly described as suave, smooth, shrewd, John Conyers is a fifth term representative of Michigan's first district. He first came to the national spotlight when he unsuccessfully challenged former Majority Leader Carl Albert for the Speaker of the House post.

A former legislative assistant to Michigan's Congressman John Dingell, Conyers is noted for his strong legislative initiative. Conyers has sponsored, co-sponsored and authored a host of bills and amendments. Some of his most recent are the Full Opportunity Act which provides \$30 billion annually for a one-year period to aid low income families; the Martin Luther King Holiday Bill which would make January 15, King's birthday, a national holiday; and the Adequate Income Act, an income maintenance proposal to give \$6,500 per year to a family of four.

Among the bills passed into law that were sponsored or co-sponsored by Conyers are: Medicare, Immigration Reform, Cold War GI Bill, Truth-In-Packaging, 18-year-old Vote, Election of D.C. School Board, and the Law Enforcement Assistance Act.

A member of the House Judiciary Committee involved in impeachment hearings, Conyers took a leading role as early as 1972 to impeach the President based on Nixon's decision to bomb Haiphong Harbor. Along with his committee colleagues and Caucus colleagues, Rangel and Jordan, he was instrumental in translating the hearings and their significance to the national Black community.

A lawyer and veteran of the Korean War, Conyers is an aggressive campaigner for progressive candidates throughout the country. He is also a prolific author of articles and a contributor to books on general politics and Black politics.

He is a member, board member or chairman of more than 50 organizations including the Detroit Chapter of the NAACP and vice-chairman of the National Advisory Council of the American Civil Liberties Union.



Ronald V. Dellums

California, 7th District



Dellums, whose presence in Congress coalesces the Black—Student—Chicano—Peace Movements, represents Berkeley's 7th District.

Named in *Time Magazine's* survey of the nation's 200 leaders, he has introduced more than 200 pieces of legislation on behalf of his constituents and the national Black community in the 93rd Congress alone.

Among the key bills he has introduced or co-sponsored are: presidential impeachment for high crimes and misdemeanors, establishing a Voter Registration vehicle within the Bureau of the Census that would allow people to register through the Postal Service, national registration of all firearms, the establishment of minimum parole and prison standards, a ban on the armed forces data collection on a person's civilian political activities, reduction of age 21 to age 18 for serving on federal juries, and legislation to assure a more adequate retirement income for employees in the nation's work force.

A former social worker and manpower development consultant, Dellums' tenure on the Berkeley City Council helped pave the way for his election to Congress in 1970.

The handsome representative, often described as flamboyant and outspoken, has frequently been fingered for criticism after taking firm leftist stands on such controversial issues as the Vietnam War. When he ran for Congress, Spiro Agnew called him a "radical extremist" for his stand on the War. Dellums responded with: "If being an advocate of peace, justice, and humanity toward all human beings is radical, then I am a radical."

A veteran of the Marine Corps, Dellums serves on the Armed Services and House District of Columbia Committees.

Active in his membership in the American Civil Liberties Union, he views his position as both a political gadfly and a warrior, and hopes that these roles will play some part in the liberation of oppressed peoples.



Charles C. Diggs, Jr.

Michigan, 13th District



Acknowledged to be the most influential Black person in Congress, Charles C. Diggs is the only Black who heads a Congressional committee, the House District of Columbia Committee.

A veteran lawmaker now serving his tenth term from Michigan's 13th District, Congressman Diggs' leadership in organizing the Congressional Black Caucus earned him the group's first chairmanship.

He came to Capitol Hill in 1954 after serving for three years as the youngest member of the Michigan State Senate—a body to which he was elected while still a student at Detroit College of Law.

The Dean of the Michigan Democratic Delegation, he is Chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on Africa. Exploiting this position, he has probably traveled more extensively to African nations than any other member of Congress and is thus regarded as the best African affairs man on Capitol Hill.

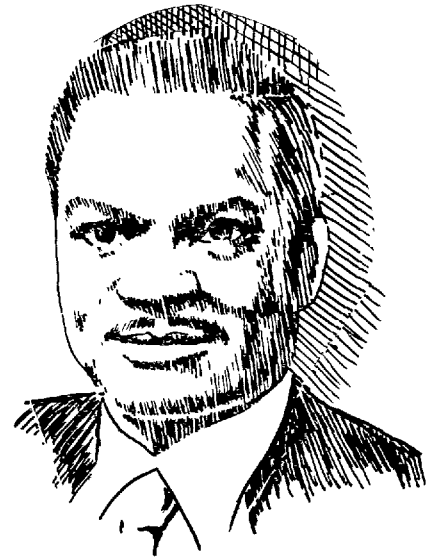
Diggs, who also co-chairs the National Black Political Assembly, has served as a full delegate at the 26th Session of the United Nations General Assembly. In this capacity, he gained the nation's attention when he walked out on the U.S. Delegation to the U.N. when he was instructed to vote negatively on several key issues with reference to South Africa's system of apartheid.

A licensed mortician, Diggs is president of House of Diggs, Inc., a Detroit mortuary corporation founded by his late father who was Michigan's first Black Democratic state senator.



Walter E. Fauntroy

District of Columbia



In a city where local and national political leaders dominate the scene, Congressman Fauntroy has emerged as one with extraordinary planning and organizing skills.

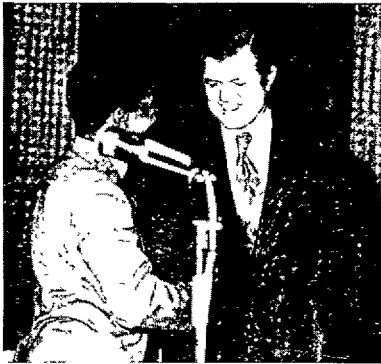
A political activist close to the late Martin Luther King, Jr., Fauntroy's special gifts came to the fore when King appointed him director of the Washington Bureau of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. In this capacity, Fauntroy made a lasting impression on the 60's civil rights movement. He was coordinator of the 1963 March on Washington, the Selma to Montgomery March in 1965, and the national coordinator for the Poor People's Campaign in 1969.

Still in the avant garde of political leadership for the "70's," Fauntroy was chairman of the platform committee of the National Black Political Convention in 1972 and was chief architect of the national Black Agenda drafted at the Gary Convention.

The only Congressman without a vote because he represents the District of Columbia, he nevertheless played a leadership role in the fight to achieve Home Rule legislation for Washington, D.C.

A practicing minister of the New Bethel Baptist Church, he is secretary of the Congressional Black Caucus, chairman of the Judiciary Subcommittee of the House District Committee, and a member of the House Banking and Currency Committee.

The recipient of honorary doctorates from both Virginia Union and Yale Universities, he is chairman of the board of directors for the Martin Luther King, Jr. Center for Social Change, on the board of directors of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference; and a member of the board of trustees, Virginia Union University.



Augustus F. Hawkins

California, 21st District



Plodding. Productive. Low-key. Gus Hawkins, a lawmaker of many accomplishments sums up his style and approach to public service when he says: "The leadership belongs not to the loudest, not to those who beat on the drums or blow the trumpet, but to those who day in and day out, in all seasons, work for the practical realization of a better world—those who have the stamina to persist and to remain honest and dedicated . . ."

Before coming to Capitol Hill in 1962, Congressman Hawkins had served in the California State Legislature for 28 years rising to the powerful position of chairman of Rules Committee and the Joint Committee on Legislative Organization, the highest ranking committee in the California legislature. There, he authored more than 100 laws, including California's low-cost housing program, workmen's compensation for domestics, apprenticeship training, the California Fair Employment Act of 1959, and the 1961 Metropolitan Transit Authority Act. Through his efforts, California received its first Black judge, highway patrol personnel, members of state commissions, a United States Attorney and postmaster of a major office.

In Congress, Mr. Hawkins sits on the House Education and Labor Committee, one which reflects his interests in a wide range of social welfare measures. He also serves on the House Administration Committee and is the chairman of the Sub-Committee on Equal Opportunity.

Congressman Hawkins is the co-sponsor of the Economic Opportunity Act, Vocational Education Act, Older Americans Act, and the Equal Employment Amendment of the 1965 Civil Rights Act.



Barbara Jordan

Texas, 18th District



Congresswoman Barbara Jordan brought many “firsts” to Congress and therefore to the Caucus: the first Black person and the first Black woman to serve in the Texas State Senate, the first Black woman in the country to preside over a legislative body when she was elected president pro-tem of the Senate; and the first Black woman sent to Congress from the South. However, it was her role as a member of the House Judiciary Committee considering recommending the impeachment of President Nixon to the House of Representatives that launched her to national prominence. Her profound, sensitive, and well-documented statements via television on impeachment and the U.S. Constitution heightened her already eminent image in the eyes of her colleagues, people from both sides of the impeachment issue, and certainly from all segments of the Black community. The following quote from the speech from the *New York Times* is exemplary:

“My faith in the Constitution is whole, it is complete, it is total, and I’m not going to sit here and be an idle spectator to the diminution, the subversion, the destruction of the Constitution.”

Named in the *Time Magazine* survey as one of the nation’s top leaders under 45 years of age, Ms. Jordan got her start in politics working in the 1960 Kennedy/Johnson Campaign.

The late President Johnson appointed her to the Committee on Income Maintenance Programs. She was appointed by Governor Preston of Texas as Chairman of the Public Service Careers Program, and appointed by Lieutenant Governor Ben Barnes to the Environmental Health Committee of the Council of State Governors, Southern Region. She is a graduate of Boston University School of Law.

Congresswoman Jordan has been honored by *Harpers Bazaar* and United Press International and holds an honorary Doctor of Laws degree from Boston University. She is also on the Board of Directors of the National Urban League.



Ralph H. Metcalf Illinois, 1st District



Former Olympic track star, Ralph H. Metcalfe was elected to the United States House of Representatives in 1970 following an active political career in Chicago.

Speed has always been the Metcalfe style and as a runner who broke or tied the record for every race between the 40 and 220 yards dash, the Congressman's rise to national government was executed in like fashion.

After a tour in the army, Metcalfe became a director of Civil Rights for the Commission on Human Rights in Chicago. From there, he became the first Black on the Illinois State Athletic Commission and was subsequently elected a Ward Democratic Committeeman and later an Alderman. In 1969, he was elected president pro-tempore of the Chicago City Council.

He is a member of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee and the Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee as well as the Transportation and Aeronautics, Panama Canal, Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and Oceanography Subcommittee.

In 1968, Congressman Metcalfe was named as a member of the Austin Committee to investigate Chicago disorders after the death of Martin Luther King.

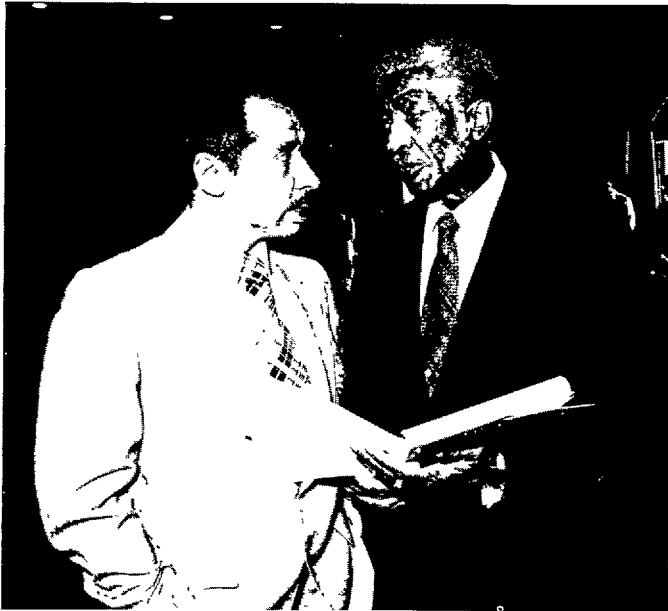
His most recent legislative contribution was the introduction of a bill which would establish a federally-funded low interest loan program to assist low and moderate income families.

A strong advocate of community control he is frequently asked to speak to community groups on the subject, particularly with reference to community control of policing.

A community activist long before he entered formal politics, Metcalfe has established the Ralph H. Metcalfe Youth Foundation, a non-profit organization that sponsors health, athletic and educational programs for Chicago youth and makes contributions to community families in need.

Nationally, he serves with the Members of Congress for Peace Through Law and is a member of the Board of Directors of the United States Olympic Committee.

Locally, he is a member of several organizations including Amvets, the Chicago Urban League, NAACP, and the Helms Athletic Foundation.



Parren Mitchell

Maryland, 7th District



Long active in the struggle for civil and human rights, Parren Mitchell established a track record back in the "50's" to open up the University of Maryland for Blacks.

A former sociology professor as well as a political activist, he brings to his constituents a keen sensitivity to human problems.

Prior to his election to Congress, he worked as executive director of the Community Action Agency in Baltimore and as the executive secretary of the Maryland Commission on Inter-racial Problems and Relations.

He serves on the House Banking and Currency Committee and the Subcommittees on Consumer Affairs, International Trade, and Small Business. Mitchell has recently been selected to the new and influential House Budget Committee. In these capacities as a member of the Subcommittees, he has played a major role in persuading the SBA chief administrator to drop a proposed change to the SBA Act that would increase the administrative and legal services required by small and minority firms. On his home front, Congressman Mitchell supported Baltimore longshoremen in their refusal to unload shipments of Rhodesian chrome ore and nickel cathodes.

A recipient of several awards, he has received honorary degrees from the University of Maryland, Coppin State College, and Morgan State College. He is also a board member of the National Association of Community Development, the Maryland Committee for Day Care, the Pan-African Business Information Center, the Educational Policy Center, Inc., and the Koinonia Foundation.



Robert N.C. Nix

Pennsylvania, 2nd District



In a special election on May 20, 1958, a Philadelphia Democratic Ward leader was elected to fill a vacancy caused by a resignation from Congress. Since then, Representative Robert N. C. Nix, a practicing attorney since 1925, has been re-elected to serve for seven more terms.

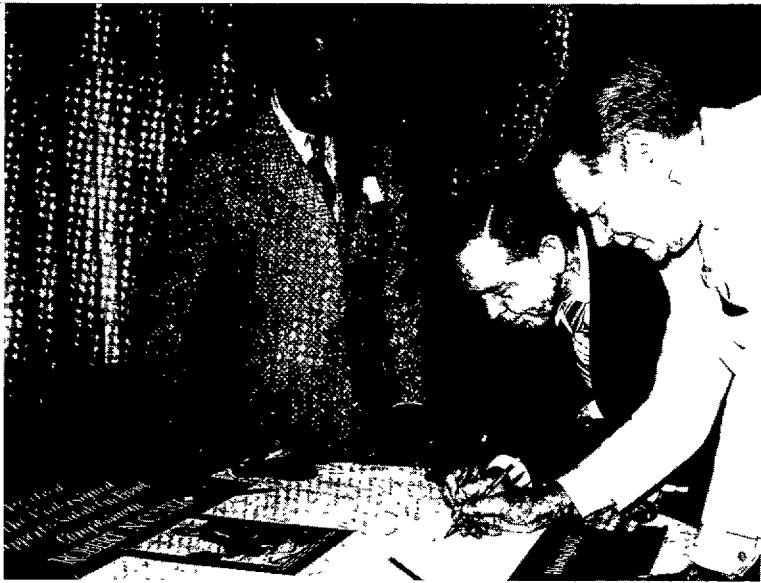
As a senior member of the Congressional Black Caucus, Congressman Nix is a member of the Post Office and Civil Service Committee and the Foreign Affairs Committee as well as the Postal Service, the Postal Facilities, Mail and Labor Management and the Asian and Pacific Affairs Subcommittee .

In these capacities, Congressman Nix has introduced or co-sponsored several important pieces of legislation including a bill to eliminate the collective bargaining constraints placed on postal workers and a successful bill that resulted in the Post Office's agreement to issue a commemorative stamp honoring the late Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Early in 1974, Congressman Nix, as Chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on Asian and Pacific Affairs, held hearings to end the bombing of Cambodia and Laos. These hearings were a key element in the subsequent formal decision to halt the bombing.

A graduate of the University of Pennsylvania Law School, Congressman Nix was formerly a special state deputy attorney general, working in the department of revenue and later, a special assistant deputy attorney general for the Commonwealth. He remains a member of the legal firm Nix and Nix.

Active in local politics, Congressman Nix was initially elected 44th Ward executive committeeman in 1932. He has been re-elected to that post for 26 years to date.

Displaying an interest in community affairs, the Congressman is a member of the NAACP, the YMCA, American Woodman and the Philadelphia Citizens Committee Against Juvenile Delinquency and its Causes.



Charles B. Rangel

New York, 19th District



Rangel, Chairman of the Congressional Black Caucus, succeeded Adam Clayton Powell, Jr. in New York's 19th Congressional District. He came to Capitol Hill in 1970 after serving two (2) terms in the New York State Assembly.

A high school drop-out, Rangel used the G.I. Bill to complete a brilliant educational career from high school through law school when he returned from the Korean War as a decorated veteran. In 1961, he was appointed Assistant U.S. Attorney for New York's Southern District. In 1966, the late President Johnson approved his nomination to serve as general counsel to the National Advisory Commission on Selective Service.

Named by *Time Magazine* as one of the nation's top 200 leaders under 45 years of age, Rangel serves on the House's District of Columbia and Judiciary Committees. As a member of the latter committee, he had long been an outspoken advocate of the President's impeachment. He also serves on the House District Committee's Subcommittee on Business, Commerce and Taxation, Labor, Social Services and the Judiciary. On the Judiciary Committee, he serves on the Subcommittee on Civil and Constitutional Rights and Crime.

On behalf of his New York constituents and the national Black community, Rangel has been a tireless warrior in the battle against narcotics traffic. He is in the forefront in a fast-growing movement to halt economic and military assistance to Turkey. In a response to Turkish Premier Ecevit's statement that renewed poppy cultivation will take place under strict state control, Rangel said: "It is inconceivable to me that Turkey can control the smuggling of illicit opium from seven provinces when it failed to control it in four provinces before the ban was imposed."

Rangel, who was born and lives in the Harlem community, is also Treasurer of the New York State Congressional Delegation.

His local political and community affiliations include: The Martin Luther King, Jr. Democratic Club, 369th Veterans Association, John Jay Law Club, Harlem Teams for Self Help, United Block Association, CORE, and the Fordham University Council.



Louis Stokes

Ohio, 21st District



In his first attempt to run for public office, Louis Stokes was elected to the House of Representatives in 1968. He is the first Black member of Congress from the State of Ohio.

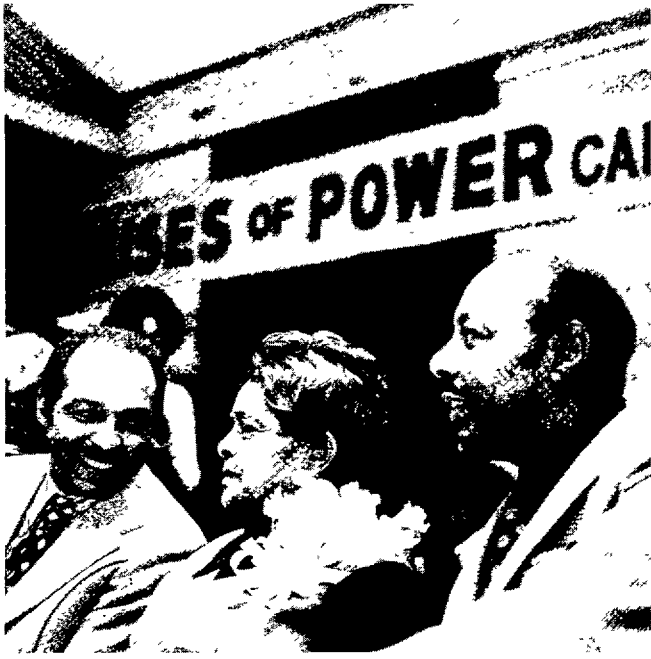
The second chairman of the Congressional Black Caucus, Congressman Stokes served as a member of the Education and Labor Committee and the House Internal Security Committee during his first term in office. In his second term, he became the first Black appointed to the House Appropriations Committee. Presently, he is the Vice-Chairman of the District of Columbia Subcommittee on Appropriations.

Prior to his election to Congress, he practiced law for 14 years and was chief trial counselor for the law firm, Stokes, Character, Perry, Whitehead, Young and Davidson.

During his practice he participated in several cases before the U.S. Supreme Court. In 1968, he personally argued the landmark “stop and frisk” case of Terry vs. Ohio in that court.

Last year, Congressman Stokes introduced legislation that would reform the military system by eliminating categories for military discharges. He was also instrumental in releasing funds for Neighborhood Youth Corps previously impounded by the Nixon Administration. In addition, Stokes submitted a bill to the House of Representatives to outlaw psychosurgery—brain surgery to modify or control behavior.

A recipient of numerous civic awards and honorary degrees, Stokes is listed in Who’s Who in America, Who’s Who in American Politics, and Who’s Who in the Midwest. He is a member of several local and national organizations including: Cleveland State University Board of Trustees, Cleveland Bar Association, the Cleveland Urban League, Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, The American Civil Liberties Union, and Karamu House.



Andrew Young

Georgia, 5th District



The first Black congressman from Georgia since Reconstruction. Andrew Young came to Capitol Hill at the beginning of the 93rd Congress. A practicing minister in Georgia and Alabama before going to work for the National Council of Churches in New York City in 1957, he became an aide-de-camp of the late Martin Luther King, Jr.

As a staff member of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, he became a prominent member of the civil rights movement as he helped to organize voter registration drives throughout the South, participated in major campaigns, and planned some of the strategies that led to historic victories in the movement. Young was also instrumental in drafting the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

Congressman Young serves on the House Banking and Currency Committee, and is a member of its Subcommittee on Urban Mass Transportation, Consumer Affairs, International Trade and International Finance.

During the 93rd Congress, Congressman Young introduced or co-sponsored legislation to make Martin Luther King's birthday a national holiday, to establish a National Homestead Program through which families can buy HUD buildings at a nominal cost for rehabilitation, and to initiate impeachment proceedings.

Citations and awards received by Congressman Young include honorary degrees from Yale University, Clark College, Wilberforce University, the United Theological Seminary of the Twin Cities, and Wesleyan University.



Credits

Augustus A. Adair (Gus)
Executive Director,
Congressional Black Caucus.



The executive director comes to the Caucus from an academic background with an excellent knowledge of practical politics. Since 1963, Gus has been professor of political science at Morgan State College in Baltimore, Md. In addition to his teaching duties, he has been an active adviser to candidates and elected officials in Maryland and throughout the country since 1966.

Ms. Modeen Broughton
President, Modeen Enterprises



Ms. Broughton, the promoter and coordinator of the 1973 and 1974 Congressional Black Caucus Dinners has had a very impressive business career. She has had her own Public Relations Firm, with clients like Aretha Franklin, Ray Charles, The Dells, The Reflections, and The Persuaders, founded her own music publishing firm, has acted as personal manager for several groups, as well as the late King Curtis. Armed with tremendous energy, beauty, and poise, she is a testimonial to the fact that women can make good administrators.

Assistant Dinner Coordinator

Cheryl Goggins

Assistant Concert Producer

Elvira Piela

Assistants

Elvira Davis

Nandah Howell

Lu Willard

Special Consultant

Harold Sims

Workshop Coordinators

Congressional Black Caucus

The Joint Center for Political Studies

Honorees Award, Creation & Design

Lu Willard for LuRick

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Steve Fouchette

Souvenir Dinner Brochure

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Andres Gonzalez

Printing

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